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AROUND THE WORLD...

Algerian foreign minister in Turkey

ANKARA (R) - Algerian Foreign Minister Ahmad Taleb Ibrahimi arrived in Ankara Tuesday for a seven-day visit to discuss trade and diplomatic ties. Ibrahimi, the first Algerian foreign minister to visit Turkey, will meet Prime Minister Turgut Ozal, Foreign Minister Mesut Yilmaz and President Kenan Evren.

Israel 'reassures' European Economic Community

TEL AVIV (R) - Israel reassured the European Economic Community (EEC) Tuesday that it had no intention of blocking the direct export of Palestinian fruit and vegetables to Europe. Agriculture Minister Aryeh Nehamkin Monday warned farmers in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip that if they allowed Palestinian nationalist groups to take control of their associations, Israel would stop cooperating with them on issues such as exports. "The Israel government has told me and (EEC Mediterranean Affairs) Commissioner Claude Cheysson personally that it has no intention of departing from the understanding they have with the European Economic Community on these exports," EEC representative Gwynn Morgan told Reuters.

Shamir evasive on reported satellite venture

TEL AVIV (R) - Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir deflected questions Tuesday about a report that Israel was set to launch a spy satellite. "I cannot address myself to this issue but everyone knows that Israel has great capacities in many areas," Shamir said of the report in the latest issue of Time magazine.

Korean delegates to hold private talks

SEOUL (AP) — The heads of South and North Korean negotiating teams will hold a private meeting Wednesday to try to break to logjam in talks over the Olympic games and a non-aggression pact, officials said Tuesday. Chief South Korean delegate Park Joon-Kyu was to meet his communist counterpart. Chon Kum Chol, at the Panmunjom truce site that straddles the demilitarised zone separating the two Koreas, a spokesman for Park said. The meeting was to be private, the spokesman said. No press was to be allowed.

Aquino: Marcos safe if he returns

MANILA (AP) — President Corazon Aquino said Tuesday she would guarantee the safety of Ferdinand Marcos if Philippine courts allow her ousted predecessor to come home from self-exile in Hawaii. Aquino told Filipino reporters that if necessary, she would send her military chief. Renato de Villa, to fetch Marcos personally at the airport. "In the event that Mr. Marcos is allowed by our courts to return... we will expect adequate security," she said.

Yang invites Assad to Peking

PEKING (R) — Chinese President Yang Shangkun Tuesday invited Syrian President Hafez Al Assad to Peking for the first visit by a Syrian leader, the official New China News Agency reported. Yang met Abdul Kader Kaddoura, president of the Syrian People's Assembly, at the Great Hall of the People and asked him to pass the invitation to Assad, who is believed to have turned down two previous invitations on grounds of ill-health.

Soviets conduct nuclear test in Siberia

MOSCOW (R) - The Soviet Union carried out an underground nuclear test Monday in the Tyumen region of western Siberia, TASS news agency reported. TASS said the blast had a yield of up to 20 kilotonnes. 'The explosion was made in the interests of the national economy," the Soviet agency said.

U.S. sees September shuttle flight

HOUSTON (R) - Despite lingering problems with the space shuttle Discovery. U.S. Space Agency officials said Monday they are optimistic the craft will take off in late September. No specific date was announced for the first shuttle launch since the Challenger disaster in January 1986, and a small hydrogen leak in the rocket system continues to mystify engineers.

Report: Saudis suspend Filipino visas

RIYADH (AP) - Saudi Arabia has suspended, at least temporarily, visas for Filipinos wishing to visit the kingdom, the English-language newspaper Arab News reported Tuesday. The reported move came hard on the heels of restrictions Manila imposed on Saudis wishing to hire Filipino housemaids. Informed sources in the Saudi capital said earlier this week that Saudi Arabia had placed an unofficial ban on the import of Filipino labourers.

Mandela 'recovering faster than expected'

CAPE TOWN (R) - Black nationalist leader Nelson Mandela is recovering from tuberculosis faster than expected, a South African doctor said Tuesday. Doctor J.G. Strauss, superintendent of Cape Town's Tygerberg hospital, said Mandela's health was improving all the time. He was sitting up in bed, reading newspapers and listening to the radio.

Khomeini attends Shi'ite mourning ceremony

NICOSIA (R) - Iranian spiritual leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini attended a ceremony Tuesday to mourn the martyrdom of a Shi'ite imam more than 1,300 years ago. Tehran Radio reported. It said a meeting to mark Ashura, the biggest mourning event in the Shi'ite calendar, was held in a religious meeting hall next to Khomeini's home in the north Tehran suburb of Jamaran. Tehran Radio said Jamaran residents and Revolutionary Guards attended the meeting, the first public appearance by Khomeini reported in more than a month.

Israeli diplomat returns from Moscow

TEL AVIV (AP) - A diplomat on a mission to Moscow returned home unexpectedly to discuss his talks with Soviet officials amid media reports that Israeli and Soviet representatives will open political discussions. Both the foreign ministry and the prime ministry declined comment Tuesday on Yaakov Kedmi's report to Israeli leaders. But the foreign ministry said it was pleased by the Soviet reception of the consular delegates, who went to Moscow last month for the first such visit since ties were severed between the two countries 21 years ago. Ministry officials denied, however, that any political discussions were planned.

25 hurt in Johannesburg blast

JOHANNESBURG (AP) - An explosion shattered a fast-food restaurant Tuesday in the coastal city of East London, injuring about 25 people, police said. The blast occurred about 1:15 p.m. (1115 GMT) at a Wimpy hamburger restaurant in East London's central business area. A police spokesman said no one had been killed. He said the cause of the blast was not yet known, and he did not specify how many of the injured were seriously hurt. Police have blamed the African National Congress (ANC) movement for a recent series of bombings.

Uprising leaders urge PNC to adopt comprehensive strategy

PLO assumes full charge of W. Bank civil employees

TUNIS (Agencies) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) said Tuesday it was assuming responsibility for West Bank civil servants who lost their jobs when Jordan cut its formal ties with the Israeli-occupied territories last month.

A statement by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, issued in Tunis by the PLO news agency WAFA. said: "The PLO assumes full responsibility towards the civil servants and other employees covered by this (Jordanian) deci-

Jordan announced July 31 it was severing formal ties with the West Bank to pave the way for PLO to assume its full responsibilities as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people.

The PLO welcomed the move. A PLO delegation visited Amman earlier this month and last weekend the organisation's Executive Committee, chaired by Arafat, held two days of meeting

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM

(Agencies) — A Palestinian died

in the Gaza Strip Tuesday after a

Arafat said the decision to assume responsibility for the West Bank civil servants was based on a resolution passed by the committee Sunday.

"The PLO shall shoulder full responsibility for the employees and workers as regards rights entitled to them, salaries and wages, on the basis of the regulations and lists of their appoint-ments to office," the statement

The statements added that "all law and regulations in force in the occupied territories shall remain in force until such time as they are amended or abrogated by the Palestinian legislative author-

The decision appeared to take the PLO a step closer to declaring an independent Palestinian state in the West Bank and Gaza Strip with a provisional government-in-

The creation of a "provisional government" has moved to the centre of debate inside the PLO since Jordan announced its decision on July 31.

Ham Al Hassan, one of Arafat's top political advisers, said in Cairo Friday that the Palestine National Council (PNC) would approve the formation of a "provisional government" at a meeting next month.

PLO officials say that apart from filling the vacuum on the West Bank, the government would be the logical representative of the Palestinians in any Middle East peace conference.

Arafat's statement gave no details of how the PLO planned to pay the salaries of the West Bank employees.

Arafat in Baghdad

In Baghdad, Arafat held talks

(Continued on page 5)

Palestinian killed amid continuing Gaza protests Israeli permission to create a state," he said. "The Palestinians dad for the U.N. team, told

day of violent protests and fresh demonstrations broke out in a refugee camp there under curfew, Palestinians said. this week. Palestinians in Jabalya refugee camp said Khalil Yussuf Balousha, 42, died after inhaling

teargas during mass protests lasting late into the night Monday. Palestinians said troops shot flares to light up the camp. burned three homes and dropped from helicopters what they described as a "mass of fire" emitting tear-gas.

An army spokesman said: "It is true helicopters patrol the area and sometimes drop tear gas, but nothing appears to us as having sprayed anything flammable." In the Sha'ti refugee camp,

which with Jabalya and three other areas was placed under curfew, fresh demonstrations broke out as curfew-breakers threw stones at Israeli patrols.

Troops shot an 18-year-old demonstrator, officials at Ahli hospital in Gaza said.

Troops wounded a total of 18 Palestinians during clashes with

demonstrators in Gaza the previous day, the army said. A spokesman announced Tuesday the army had demolished three homes of alleged petrol bomb throwers in Deir Al Balagh camp

In another development, Michel Sabah, the first Arab to be appointed Roman Catholic patriarch of Jerusalem, rejected an invitation to meet Israeli Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin who has held closed-door meetings with a number of Palestinian notables.

A church official told the AP the refusal was in line with the church's policy not to meet with Israeli authorities in occupied Jerusalem.

Jerome M. Segal, a university of Maryland professor whose writings influenced Palestinians who drafted a proposed declaration of independence, said a "turning point" had been reached in Palestinian-Israeli relations.

Segal, speaking to a Hebrew university audience, said Palestinians should act on their own to declare a state and seek international recognition.

"I suggest they don't need

have to abandon armed struggle and instead wage a political, diplomatic, economic and moral struggle.'

Segal, of the University of Maryland's Institute for Philosophy and Public Policy, said Israelis had exaggerated the threat to their own survival posed by a demilitarised Palestinian state in the occupied territories. "It's no more likely than for Finland to launch an all-out invasion on the Soviet Union," he

"Stop using that for an excuse." he said.

He said Israel was a regional power and risked 50 more years of conflict if it did not agree to negotiate a settlement soon.

Protests over expulsions

Meanwhile, the European Community (EC) Tuesday protested to Israel about the recent expulsions of Palestinians from the occupied territories and its practice of detaining prisoners without charging them.

(Continued on page 5)

Sudan imposes censorship; moves against black market

KHARTOUM (Agencies) -The government imposed strict press censorship and cracked down on the black market Tuesday as the Nile river overflowed in Sudan's flooded capital Khar-

Radio Omdurman said the antiblack market drive was needed to combat profiteering from almost three weeks of flooding.

Egypt's Middle East News Agency (MENA) said Al Sayed Abdallah Mohammad Ahmad. minister for information and culture, had ordered foreign journalists and photographers to conduct interviews and take pictures only in the presence of a ministry representative

Ahmad's statement said news stories and films must be cleared by a government censor before being allowed out of Sudan, the agency said. It said the statement warned hotels and owners of private telexes not to send stories that did not bear the censor's

Ahmad said the Interior Ministry would help his department enforce the restrictions.

The restrictions were imposed shortly after Prime Minister Sadeq Al Mahdi made a blister-

ing attack on foreign media coverage of the flood disaster. Mahdi told parliament Monday the reports mixed fact and fable.

He named the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC). Meanwhile, reports said the waters of the Blue Nile had overflowed in Khartoum and Omdur-

man across the Nile. A BBC broadcast from Khartoum said the White Nile had left its banks near the capital. The confluence of the two rivers in Khartoum form the mighty

river that courses through Egypt and enters the Mediterranean at Alexandria. A receptionist at the Hilton

hotel, which overlooks the Nile, told the AP in Cairo by telex that the water had submerged several bectares of agricultural land and had reached the back door of the hotel, Khartoum's most luxu-

MENA said the river broke through makeshift levees of sand and cement in areas of Khartoum and Omdurman, washing away dozens of homes. It said hundreds of families had to sleep outdoors after water flooded their homes.

In one area of Omdurman, the riches," Abdoun said.

agency said, flood waters were so deep that Sudanese were using

boats to move around. It said that the level of the Blue Nile had reached more than 16.8 metres, slightly higher than the water level on the same day in 1946 when Sudan suffered its previous worst floods of this cen-

On the black market crackdown, Radio Omdurman quoted Major-General Mohammad Al Fateh Abdoun, Khartoum's mayor, as saying Monday night that regulations have been decreed to fight black marketeers, who have sent prices soaring during the floods.

Abdoun said food wholesalers and retailers are required to report the levels of their stocks to authorities within 48 hours. He said merchants dealing in building supplies like cement,

wood, zinc and all kinds of iron should provide similar inventories within a week. Those who don't will face trial, he said. "Worse than the natural disasters are the moral disasters,

which have prompted some citizens to exploit the bad situation as a means for unlawful



Major-General Slavko Jovic of Yugoslavia, head of the United Nations Tran-Iraq Observer Group,

U.N. reports all quiet along Iran-Iraq fromt

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — A U.N. spokesman said the Iran-Iraq warfront was calm Tuesday. despite charges by both sides of troop movements violating their ceasefire. Iraq said Monday the Iranians.

acting after the ceasefire took

effect Saturday, reinforced their positions across the front from the Iraqi Fourth Army Corps near the southern town of Misan. The Iraqi News Agency (INA) said the Iraqis had protested to U.N. military observers supervis-

ing the ceasefire and the Iranian forces were now withdrawing. "I don't have any comment on this subject so far." Saleem Fahmawi, press officer in Bagh-

Reuters. He added: "I believe the situation is normal today." He declined to comment on statements by both sides saying Iraq had threatened to attack

INA had said Iraq told the U.N. military observers: "If the

An Iraqi military spokesman Iraqi forces had advanced to-

tended to launch an attack.

the Do-Virai River.

unless the Iranians pulled back by General Asghar Jamali, deputy 12:30 p.m. (0830 GMT) Tuesday. commander of Iran's ground forces, as saving that United Na-

forces will push them back by

He said the Iraqis due in and

told Reuters he had no comment the other bank of the river in the on an Iranian statement saying southern sector of the warfcont wards Iranian positions in the that at the request of the com-

IRNA said Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati sent a complaint troops not to fire or react in any to U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar saying Iraq in-

His message said an Iraqi armoured brigade had advanced between one and four kilometres be in part aimed at jockeying for towards Iranian positions west of advantage in advance of the

IRNA also quoted Brigadier-

tions observers watched an Iraqi Iranian troops are not withdrawn armoured brigade roll up to the to their original positions, our western bank of the Nuhr Anbar were now facing the franians on

IRNA quoted Jamali as saying mand of the United Nations Iran-The Iranian news agency Iraq Military Observer Group (UNIIMOG) he ordered his

> way to the Iraqi movements. Peace talks between Iran and Iraq begin Thursday in Geneva, and the claims by both sides of ceasefire violations appeared to

(Continued on page 5)

Lebanese factions threaten to foil election if no reforms

BEIRUT (Agencies) -Lebanese factions backed by Svria vowed Tuesday to block presidential elections until rightists agree to constitutional reforms that would give Lebanon's feuding groups an equal share of

"Nationalist and progressive forces will undertake all political and active measures to prevent elections until achieving national entente," said a joint statement issued by 12 factions.

They included the prominent Shi'ite Muslim Amal militia of Justice Minister Nabih Berri and the Progressive Socialist Party (PSP) of Walid Junblatt, The six year-term of President

Amin Gemayel expires on Sept. 23, and under the constitution, a new president should be elected by mid-September.

The 99-seat parliament was called to an election session last Thursday, but failed to secure the necessary quorum of 53 members because most Christian deputies boycotted the meeting, protesting the candidacy of former President Suleiman Franjieh.

There are only 76 active members of parliament. The house was elected in 1972 for a fourvear term. But its mandate was renewed several times because the civil strife prevented elections.

Franjieh, a staunch ally of Syria, was president when the Lebanese civil war broke out in April 1975. Before his term ended in 1976, he requested Syrian military intervention to end the

The pro-Syrian leaders wield considerable influence among Muslim deputies and political sources said their stand represented a tough line by Damascus after last week's debacle.

Many Lebanese fear failure to quickly elect a new president who can reconcile the country's feuding factions will lead to a new upsurge in the 13-year-old civil

Tuesday's talks grouped Junblatt, Berri and officials of the Lebanese Communist Party, the ple were confirmed dead. Earlier

Syrian Social Nationalist Party dent emerges before Gemayel (SSNP) and the Lebanese Baath Party.

The leaders, most of whom held talks with Syrian officials in by a Sunni and form a transitional Damascus over the weekend, accused the United States and Israel as well as rightist hardliners ing the election session last Thursday.

al reconciliation based on constitutional and political reforms that will guarantee the abolition of political and sectarian domination of judicial, executive, legislative powers as well as in the army," the statement said.

Last week's incident indicated a president." sudden split between Syria and the United States, which had

acceptable to all factions.

ends his term Sept. 23, he would have the constitutional power to dissolve the cabinet now headed

government under a Maronite. But Tuesday's statement vowed to fight with "political and and the Lebanese army of thwart- material means any such attempt by Gemayel. It did not elaborate or say outrightly if that "We insist on achieving nationmeant the 12 groups plan to

rekindle civil war fighting. The statement also called for a nationwide "warning strike" Friday to protest the "American-Israeli intervention that prevented the parhament from practicing its role of electing a new

The militras urged their followers to "be on maximum alert to worked together for a smooth confront the critical situation and election and a head of state to continue the struggle in order to liberate the country and regain If no consensus on a new presi-

Quake toll scaled down in India, rises in Nepal

PATNA, India (Agencies) — The death toll in North India from a major earthquake is lower than first feared, officials said Tuesday after assessing reports from remote areas of Bihar state. But a grimmer picture is emerging in the Himalayan foothills of southeastern Nepal where

casualty estimates are rising sharply after Sunday's earth-"I expect it to go up to over 1,000 (dead) in Nepal alone."

said a senior British official in

Hong Kong. Among the worst-hit Nepali towns was Dharan, a British army recruiting centre for Gurkhas, where at least 131 people died. Many of the 8,000 Gurkhas serving in the British army are stationed in Hong Kong. A royal air force C-130 cargo plane was due to arrive in Dharan from the British colony Tuesday carrying

the first foreign aid. . The Kathmandu government said Tuesday just under 500 peo-

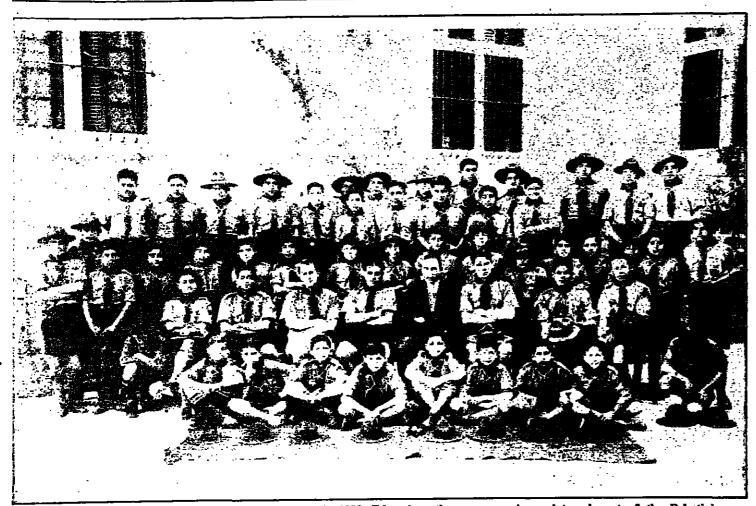
it said it expected the toll to climb and that foreign aid would be welcome.

Up to 650 were at first feared killed in the Bihar plains, but Indian officials said only about 165 deaths had been confirmed. They doubted the final figure would be more than 200.

Bihar government spokesman Suresh Pandey said some remote areas had yet to be reached because of monsoon floods and poor communications. "We are in the process of

calling up rural police stations by wireless," he said, adding that a full picture of the tragedy would not be available for several days. However, newspapers, opposition politicians and survivors questioned the government's count of the dead and injured.

In a preliminary report to parliament Tuesday, Agriculture Minister Bhajan Lal said he was told that 164 bodies had been found. He said the death toll would rise but "probably not to the levels earlier apprehended."



The staff and graduating class at Najah secondary school in 1932. Education, then as now, is an integral part of the Palestinian experience (File photo)

confused generation

By Nicola A. Ziadeh

I AM, as it must have become evident to the readers, a product of World War I: I was born about seven years before hostilities broke out; and I passed these years in Damascus. Nazareth and Jenin, in circumstances which were neither comfortable nor secure. It was only when I received my diploma from the Arab College in Jerusalem and was appointed a teacher in September 1924, that I began to feel some nort of security. My salary was rounds Egyptian 9.15 (9.38 rounds sterling) — quite substan- . dal for a young man just under eventeen years of age. But things did not go according to than, ivly mother died in fall of 1925; this gave me new responsililities — I had to look after my family — one sister and two rothers, and provide them with

My generation had been crought-up at the Arab College on Arab nationalism. The Arab Revolt led by Sharif Hussein of i-lecca was supposed to lead to and independence from the Turks, and the creation of an Arab independent sovereign state. How disillusioned we were when we realized, in the early 20s that the former Arab provinces of the Ottoman empire - Iraq, Dyria. Lebanon, Palestine and Jordan — were integrated, by force or by treaty, into a colonial ctatus, for which a new term - was declared, unilaterally by Britain, independent in 1922, but its status was not any better.

The disillusionment of our generation as Palestinians was even bigger; and it was more serious as we later recognized. In addition to the British mandate, Palestine was promised the November 2, 1917 Balfour Declaration as a national home for the Jews, to become, later, a Jewish state. Between the British (and allied) promises to the Arabs through Hussein of Mecca (1916) and the Balfour Declaration (1917) there was the Sykes-Picot agreement (1916) which gave Syria and Lebanon to France. And placed Palestine, Jordan and Iraq under

inconsistently, because this is what was readily available to them. During the 20s and 30s there were hardly any serious studies of the principles, ideas or meaning of Arab nationalism.

So, in addition to being disillusioned politically we were at a loss. Many of our political leaders still hoped to receive justice at the hands of the powers, at whose hands we were wronged.

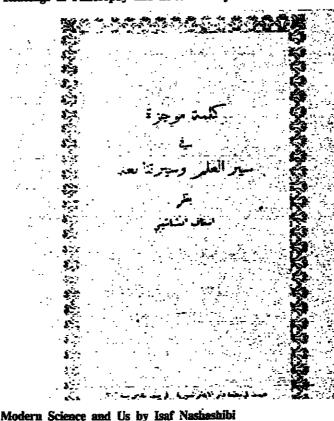
I, for one, had some ambition to go for a university education. Somehow I felt, all along, that I would eventually secure a scholarship from the Palestine government department of education. The early death of my mother dampened my ambitions; the

leaders etc. spoke of Arabism and Arab nationalism ambiguously, vaguely and, sometimes, National Geographical, and the Readers' Digest were periodicals I read fairly regularly. Besides those, I had to study for my lessons and public examinations, I found a great satisfaction in two "series" which must have benefited thousands like myself. "The Home University Library" (of

the Oxford University Press), a most informative, instructive and balanced collection of books covering all fields of knowledge, and "The Thinkers Library," which was very much on the The international scene under-

went a great deal of change in the 20s and early 30s. Russia, which had experienced one of the greatest revolutions in history, began her new role in 'history'. This was to be worked through the first international; its tentacles reached our part of the world. Italy had succumbed to facism long before Germany fell to the clutches of Nazism, but by talk, I read about communism the mid-thirties an "axis" was and socialism, but I must admit already in revolution. Palestine, like practically every Arab country in the area, was exposed to all kinds of propaganda — Russian, German, Italian, British and French. Radio stations existed in Egypt but European broadcasting Wells, George Bernard Shaw, services had, by the mid-thirties, already established "program-mes" in Arabic, and had engaged "loud" voices to sing the praises of their nations, leaders and from other elements. I had lived, ideologies. All this was done with





Medieval European Portraits by Nicola Ziyadeh

Of Places and People

in line with "teachings" of Arabism and Arab unity.

Yet our feelings in this respect subdued. They had taken a "romantic" turn, and we were readily fed on the "substance of which dreams are made." Our Arab poets, essavists, teachers, "minime" — was created. Egypt preachers, journalists, political

The disillusionment of my gen- problem which presented itself to eration was greatly increased by me was who would look after my the development in the area of newly acquired "family" during local administrations which even-, my period of study. However I tually led to the growth of local -decided to go on educating my-'national' feelings which were not self. Acre had no bookseller's shop. Every book I wanted to read I had to buy.

This 'personal' self-education could neither be dampened nor received its primary elements from Egypt in the form of one daily, al-Ahram, which I had read at the Arab College regularly, and two monthlies - Al-Muktataf and Al-Hilal. But I had decided at the same time to streng-

seasoning and flavour which amounted to saying: "We have your interests at heart; just depend on us, and we shall relieve you from your oppressors."

I listened to quite a lot of this that, during this formative period of sorts in my life (1925-35), my intellectual sources came from British works either directly or through Arabic translation of French indirectly. I read H.G. Harold Laski, G.K. Chesterton, Anatole France, Voltaire, Rousseau etc.

But my "behaviour" issued and continued to live when I went

to Acre, in a conservative society. My moral standards were derived from the "older" people with whom I associated. My grandfather and the members of his thoughts roamed endlessly, and I become a mirage? Did they oriextended family (which was was ready to store or discuss, obviously my own), most of mostly with myself, very liberal self, came to the front. My colleagues at the intermediate school at Acre were old people. The youngest of them must have been no less than twenty odd years older than myself. It just happened that, apart from my own generation with whom I was friendly, my companions, with whom I spent fairly long hours, were really old people. Whether I the result of the inner conflicts

Books translated into Arabic by Nicola Ziyadeh and his contemporaries (clockwise from top left).

conservative groups on me was behaviour I followed? Did they whom were much older than myions, but my 'social' behaviour, rather than thinking, followed the 'accepted' pattern.

Did I have, then, a dual personality, or a diochtomy? I am not so sure that I can answer this question now. But what I can say is that I did feel, very often, a sort of tension within me. What get, and that will be Nicola caused such tensions? Were they liked it or not the pressure of the between views I held and rules of explain in the next pages.

ginate from the responsibilities which I had to shoulder? Or, in the final analysis, did they have a great deal to do with the total depressing 'atmosphere' of disillusions which I, and for that matter my generation, was experiencing? You could put all these questions, and others which have not been asked, together and shape the answer you can Ziadeh in Acre (1925-35). And this is the person I shall try to

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"Children's Heritage and Science Museum." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m = 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.

MUSEUMS

tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre man. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiamentics of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening bours: 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official bolidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Closed Toesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of martings operations.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening bonrs: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m. 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 630128.

Martyrs' Memorial (Military Museum): Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel: 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Ameson Club, Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m.
Lions Philadelphia Club, Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Club, Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m. p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Am-man, Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261

PRAYER TIMES

CHURCHES St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Amanciation (Roman

Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. 18:30 De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) 18:55 19:30 19:30

De la Saille Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757, Sunday
English mass (summer time 6 p.m.,
winter time 5 p.m.).
Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic),
Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30
p.m. Tel: 622366
Church of the Annuariation (Greek
Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541.
Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 678906,
chaplain's residence tel. 601359.
Armesian Catholic Church Asbrafich,
Tel. 771331.

Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Astro-fieh, Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashrafish, Tel. 771751. Assuras International Church (Inter-

67/354. Evangelical Lutheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman, Ara-bic Service: Sunday 7 p.m., Rev. N. Smir, tel. 811295 Rainbow Congregation (meets at the Good Shepherd's Church) Interdenominational-ecumenical Engish Service: Saturday at 6:30 p.m. tel. 822605, Rev. Veli.
The Church of Jesus Christ of Latterbay Salutu (Mormon) Tel. 815817, 821264

FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RI) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tcl. (18) \$3200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS

ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1) 19:39 10:35 Dhahran (Ri)

Dhahran (Ri)

Kuweit (Ri)

Dubai, Abu Dhabi (Ri)

Doba, Bahrain (Ri)

Los Angeles, Chicago, Vienna

18:15

... New York. Amsterdam (RJ) ... London, Geneva (RJ) Madrid, Rome (RJ) Brussels, Frankfurt (RJ)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) Kuwait (KU 13:20 Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF 13:20 Kuwait (LN)
...... Jeddah, Medina (SV) 16:00 19:10 21:15

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

7:45	Aqaba (RD
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2:45	Vienna, Chicago (KJ.
L3:00	London (KU
l4 :39	Kuwait (add.)	KJ)
L5 :00	Istanbel (RJ)
19:15	Calcutta (RJ)
20:20	Riyadh (RJ)
20:30	Dhahran	RJ)
10-40	Kuwait	'nυ'n
28-45	Bahrain, Doha	RI
22:10	Cairo	RJ)
21:15	Jeddah (RN
	Abu Dhabi, Dubai (
	Baghdad	
11.16	Daniascus	25
12-10 12-15	Bangkok (KG.
وابعه		,,,,
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	Karachi (PK
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117.4	
	Larna Damascr Jede

WEATHER ulletin supplied by the Department of

The weather will be relatively hot with north-westerly moderate winds. In Agaba, the winds will be northerly

	Min./max.	tem	o
-	Antonian	19/3	ľ
	Agaba	28 / 3	'n
	Deserts	20 / 3	ú
	Jordan Valley	23/3	ì
	Yesterday's high temperatures	: An	2-

Amman 31 per cent, Aqaba 28 per USEFUL

TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

AMMAN: Dr. Abdul Halim Mousa . Dr. Uthman Haj Ali Dr. Mohammad Abbadi 741259 771959 Dr. Ahmad Al Dagen ... 776473 Fires pharmacy ... Ferdows pharmac Al Asema pharma 661912 623672 Al Qasi (Abu Jondeh) taxi 743806 776273 Ra'ad taxi 775780 244018 985238 ZARQA: Dr. Mousa Taha Odeh ...

EMERGENCIES

630321 Public Security Directorate Price Complaints Water and Sewerage Complaints 897467 Annan Municipality Complaints Telephone Information (directory assistance) Overseas Calls 787111 Central Amman Telephone Repairs. Abdali Telephone Repairs Jordan Television Radio Jordan 623101 773111 Water Authority Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815615 648411, 636381 Electric Power

HOSPITALS AMMAN:
Hussein Medical Centre ... 813813/32
Khalidi Matermiy, J. Ama ... 64241/6
Akileh Matermiy, J. Ama ... 64241/2
Jabal Amman Matermiy ... 642362
Malbas, J. Amman ... 636140
Palestine, Shmeisani ... 664171/4 Palestine, Sumeraus Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital Al-Mussher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali Al-Ahli, Abdali italian, Al-Muhajreca Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 891611/15 602240/50 674155 Amai Hospital ... (09)983323 IRRIDe Princess Basma Hospital Greek Catholic Hospital Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)275555

GENERAL

Ministry of Information
Ministry of the Interior
Ministry of Tourism
Driving Licence Dept.
Poreigness and Prostoci Legit
Menopological Dept.
Public Security Readquarters
Teletropulsministrators 641467 .663113 642311



Crown Prince Hassan has made overnight inspec-tion visits to a number of military units of the Third appreciation for the efforts exerted by commanders Royal Armoured Division, and watched troops in and troops and expressed satisfaction with the high training sessions. Prince Hassan met with unit level of training. The Crown Prince was accompa-

ROYAL INSPECTION: His Royal Highness which several Royal Jordanian Air Force planes commanders and was briefed on training program-mes. The Crown Prince later watched exercises in Fathi Abu Taleb and senior army officers.

Syrian minister arrives for talks

AMMAN (Petra) — Syrian Minister of Transport Youse! Ahmad arrived here Tuesday for talks with his Jordanian counterpart Khaled Al Haj Hassan on bilateral cooperation in transport

Both ministers will co-chair the general assembly meetings of the Jordanian-Syrian land and maritime transport companies, and will sign an agreement designed to stimulate air travel between Syria and Jordan.



Transport Minister Khalid Al Haj Hassan Tuesday receives his Syrian counterpart Yousef Ahmad (Petra photo)

discussions in Amman will cover all aspects of transport.

The general assembly meetings, he said, are due to discuss for 1988

The Syrian minister said in a among other things, the prospect statement upon arrival that his of mereasing the volume of the two companies' fleets, boosting their capacities.

They also will review budgets

A major threat to health, phosphate dust loss costs JD 10 million annually

JPMC, RSS sign agreement to reduce phosphate dust in Agaba

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Royal Scientific Society (RSS) and the Jordan Phosphate Mines Company (JPMC) Tuesday signed an agreement for joint cooperation in controlling the amount of phosphate dust produced in the process of loading the mineral at the Aqaba port terminal.

said, the company will install

special equipment at the phos-

phate mines, probably by 1991, to

er, reveal the loan's amount.

Dr. Anani said the phosphate

dust constituted a serious threat

to humans and is considered a

major pollution hazard to water

The phosphate dust is a major problem for the company, the importer of Jordanian phosphates and the residents of the port city, according to JPMC Director General Wasef Azar, who signed the agreement with RSS President Jawad Al Anani.

Fine dust rising in the atmosphere from the process of loading phosphate makes up between four and 12 per cent of the total amount sent for export or nearly 7501,000 tonnes for every seven million tonnes of phosphate. This is a loss of nearly JD 10 million. Azar pointed out.

He said this dust floats in the air and pollutes the port region during loading and transportation processes from the mines to the

Present refining processes at the mines do not completely eliminate the dust. In addition. more dust is said to be produced due to friction and transportation, Azar added.

He said the agreement, signed with the RSS, paves the way for measures to control the dust. The RSS will conduct studies and then work out plans, including installing equipment to sepa-

rate fine dust from the phos-The company will also conduct laboratory tests on the utilisation of fine phosphate dust in the manufacture of phosphoric phosphate. Azar said.

Following the studies and the RSS research programme. Azar

The RSS, he said, had sufficient technical skill and experienced personnel to conduct research studies on this problem. beginning with the establishment of four monitoring stations in Aqaba alone to determine the problem's seriousness.

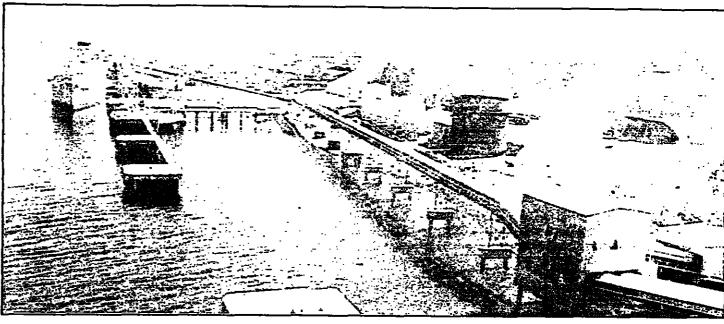
The agreement with the JPMC, Anani said, is for 15 months as a

separate dust from rock so load-Jordan is considered the ing areas in Aqaba would be world's third largest exporter of completely free from falling dust. phosphate after the United States Azar noted that the whole and Morocco, and is currently study would be financed from a exporting its phosphate products to more than 30 countries in Asia loan offered to the JPMC by the World Bank. He did not, howevand Europe.

Last year, the JPMC produced 6.850 million tonnes of phosphate at its major mines in Wadi Al Abiad, and Al Hasa in southern



JPMC Director General Wasef Azar (second from left) and RSS President Jawad Anani (third from left) Tuesday sign an agreement by which RSS would study phosphate pollution in Agaba and recommend a control process (Petra photo)



A general view of phosphate loading and storing facilities at Aqaba port (File photo)

Ministry of Interior extends W. Bank visitors' permits

AMMAN (Petra) — The Minis- entry. try of Interior will extend permits But, he said, the period could accordance with the visitors needs and desires, according to the Director of the Ministry's Inspection and Follow up Department Mohammad Al Udwan.

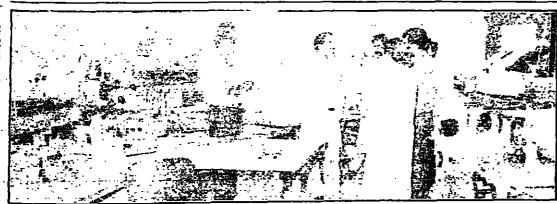
He said the security centres on the Jordanian side of the Jordan River Bridges are now granting West Bank visitors to the East Bank two-week permits through green cards issued to them upon

by two weeks upon request and in fortnight to give the visitors sufficient time to complete their business or leave the country to work abroad.

Udwan said students wishing to study here or abroad are also given a two-week visit permit to allow them to enroll at the universities, but they should seek an extension if they require extra time for the procedure, and should return to the West Bank in the event they failed to enroll.

As for Palestinians working and living abroad, they should return to the West Bank once their contracts were terminated unless they have new contracts. This applies to Palestinian students also. Udwan noted.

He said West Bank residents who live in the Kingdom are issued yellow cards with expiration dates two months before the expiration of the date on the



RJGC training college's laboratory for analysing aerial photos (Petra photo)

RJGC opens training college

By Ma'moun Arar Petra

AMMAN — The Royal Jordanian Geographic Centre (RJGC) will open its training college for 60 students in the coming 1988-89 academic year. The students will be offered two year and three year training courses, the RIGC's Director General Okla Duhaimat announced Tuesday.

Duhaimat said the college was established in 1975 to train personnel for the centre and to offer services to government departments especially on producing succeeded in the industrial or the

maps and conducting research.

This college now will offer training in topographic surveys, aerial surveys, cartography, printing and photography, employing modern techniques, including remote sensing. Duhaimat said.

In addition, the college will organise training courses in surveying for employees in government departments and personnel from Arab countries, Duhaimat

To be accepted at the college, he said, students should have

examinations in Jordan. He said they would be processed in accordance with regula-

tions set by the Ministry of Higher Education. At the initial stages, only 60 students will be accepted, including some from Arab states, but this number could be doubled in

the coming few years, Duhaimat pointed out. He said the college has been provided with all the essential facilities such as laboratories.

printing and photography units. sports grounds, restaurants and a

Catholic universities send protest letter to Shamir

AMMAN (J.T.) — A five-day conference by the International Federation of Catholic Universities, which concluded in Jakarta. Indonesia lately, has sent a letter of protest to Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir over the closure of Bethlehem University and other Arab universities in the occupied West Bank and Gaza

Monsignor Ra'ouf Najjar, who is Bethlehem University president, took part in the conference. speaking in detail about educa-

He said copies of a protest criticising the arbitrary measures committed by the Israeli authorities against Arab educational institutions in the occupied territories were sent to the U.S. State

Department in Washington. Dr. Najjar told the conference that the fate of thousands of Arab students in the Israeli-occupied lands was changing as a result of Israel's practices.

He said more than 175 delegates representing Catholic unition in the occupied Arab terri- versities around the world discus-



Monsigner Ra'ouf Najjar

sed the question of international cooperation in educationa-related matters and the role of Catholic universities to promote. such cooperation.

2 more AIDS cases reported

AMMAN (J.T.) — Two AIDS (acquired immune deficiency syndrome) carrier cases have recently been discovered in Jordan. bringing to 13 the number of AIDS carriers, the director of the Ministry of Health's anti-AIDS projects and director of the communicable diseases department, Dr. Hani Shammout announced.

In an interview with the Arabic daily Al Ra'i, Shammout said that in 1987 only three deaths caused by A1DS occurred, the last in January.

cerned bodies in the Kingdom have intensified their efforts to

prevent the disease from spreading.

AIDS virus. HIV, is contracted mainly through blood transfusion and homosexuality.

Shammout stressed that followng the discovery of the first AIDS carrier cases in the Kingdom, the Ministry of Health restricted imports of blood and took measures to ensure that all imported blood was tested ministry.

Shammout pointed out that the so far examined 46,000 blood Ministry of Health and other consamples to ensure that no blood was given to any patient unless it was found free from any diseases.

He added that the ministry has

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

GOOD WISHES: His Majesty King Hussein sent a cable of good wishes to Romanian President Nicolae Ceausescu on his country's national day. The King wished the president continued health and happiness, progress and prosperity for the Romanian people.

ROYAL DECREE: A royal decree issued Tuesday entrusted Minister of State for Cabinet Affairs Fayez Tarawneh to assume the work of Minister of Public Works and Housing Shafiq Zawaideh during the latter's absence.

HEALTH CENTRES: The Health Ministry this year will open health centres at Ain Al Baida, Sanfaha, Basira, Tafileh and Qadisieh, according to a health official in Tafileh. He made the statement during an inspection tour of government clinics and health centres near Hassa in southern Jordan.

SEMINARS: Mu'ta University in cooperation with the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment intends to organise three training seminars for heads of local councils in Karak, Maan and Tafileh governorates. A Mu'ta University spokesman said the heads of councils would hear lectures on financial, administrative, public and municipal activities carried out by municipal and

VOTERS: A committee in the Taibeh village near Irbid has started registering voters for the coming municipal elections scheduled for

CONVICTED: The military court has sentenced Saadi Abdullah Hassan to three and a half years in prison and JD 1,500 for trafficking in hashish. The military governor endorsed the sentence Tuesday.

COUNTRY ROADS: The Ministry of Public Works and Housing is opening 14-kilometres of agricultural roads in the Naour district to facilitate the transportation of crops from farmlands to major consumer markets in Amman.

GENEVA MEETING: Ministry of Culture and National Heritage will take part in the week-long meetings of the general assembly of the World Intellectual Property Organisation (WIPO), which will be held in Geneva on Sept. 26.

CLEAN WATER: Zarqa Governor Eid Qatarneh Tuesday stressed the need for maintaining the springs and artesian wells, adjacent to the Zarga stream area, noting that a specialised committee will carry out a comprehensive study designed to find a special solution to the water problems in the area.

UNESCO POSTER: The Jordanian artist Kamel Ka'abar will take part in an international contest announced by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) to produce a poster marking the international year for eradication of

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

- * Art exhibition by Omar Al Basoul at the Women's Federation in irbid.
- Arabic calligraphy and art exhibition by Faisal Ashour at the Housing Bank Complex.

Shammout said that the ministry would launch an anti-AIDS campaign this year among secondary school students, particularly

and among community college The director of the anti-AIDS project also said that Jordan was one of the leading countries in implementing the anti-AIDS programme, recommended by the World Health Organisation

students in their last school year

(WHO). Shammout called on all students leaving for study abroad to avoid casual sexual contact.

In April, the Ministry of Health announced the formation of a national committee, charged with taking preventive measures to stem the spread of the disease by providing information to the public on the killer disease.

The committee groups representatives of the ministries of health, education, interior, higher education and Awgaf and Islamic affairs as well as the Public Security Department, the Jordanian Bar Association, the General Union of Voluntary Societies and the General Union of the Federation of Jordanian Women.

Ministry to host **WHO** conference

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Ministry of Health has decided to host a conference on primary health care to be held in Amman in December 1988 in response to a request by the World Health Organisation (WHO).

A ministry statement said that the five-day conference which will be attended by directors of health organisations and health ministries from the Eastern Mediterranean region would discuss matters related to family health, maternal survival, mother and child care and other related

Prince Ali Hospital gets annex

AMMAN (Petra) — An annex to the paediatrics section was opened Tuesday at the Prince Ali Ibn Al Hussein Hospital in Amman by National Health Institu-tion Director General Daoud Hanania.

Hanania toured the different parts of the new section which houses 25 beds. Hospital sources said that in the first six months of 1988 the paediatrics section at the hospital offered treatment to 10 children, but the new annex will offer further facilities and treat more patients.

W. Bank students' seats at universities reduced

AMMAN (J.T.) - Applications seats assigned for non-Jordanian sent by West Bank students to Arab students at Jordan's univerenroll in Jordanian universities sities will be increased above the will be treated equally to those present five per cent level, so as coming from students in other to cope with the new situation. Arab countries, according to a report in Al Dustour Arabic daily total number of seats at the countries and to be quoting Minister of Higher try's four universities used to be Éducation Nassereddin Al Assad.

dure was taken following Jor-

The minister said this proce- according to the report. dan's decision to sever legal and colleges in the East Bank used to

He said the present number of students.

assigned to West Bank students before the latest "break of ties."

In addition, it said, community administrative ties with the West assign 20 per cent of their total number of seats to West Bank

Arabian horse show set

AMMAN (J.T.) — The first Arabian horse show in Jordan is scheduled for Aug. 31 on the The Royal Stables is an official-

grounds of the Royal Stables at ly recognised and registered Al Hummar near Amman. The member of the World Arabian show is being held under the Horse Organisation (WAHO). patronage of His Majesty King According to the gazette According to the gazette, Hussein, according to the Minis- Bahrain, Egypt, Qatar, Saudi try of Tourism's monthly gazette. Arabia, Syria, Tunisia, the Un-The gazette stated that the ited Arab Emirates and Jordan

VTC trainees graduate

two-day show will include tent will participate in the show.

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The five-year plan to provide the Vocational Training Centre country with skilled manpower, (VTC) at Yajouz Tuesday graduenabling them to carry out the ated a class of trainees who com- projects. pleted their three-year courses in carpentry, decor, auto mechanics, central heating, plumbing. air conditioning, electricity, building, fitting, and welding. VTC Director Burhan

Shreideh delivered a speech at the graduation ceremony outlining the importance of the trades that the 442 graduates studied. The VTC, Shreideh said, work-

The centre's director told the audience that 1,100 students are currently enrolled in the first and second years of training at the centre, which also offers fixed training periods for workers already employed by Jordanian companies and factories.

The centre, he said, cooperates with 300 factories and industrial ed out a plan for training 30,000 businesses in training the stustudents within the 1986-1990 dents.

SVENSKAR I JORDANIEN Information om valet 1988

Röstmottagning för riksdags- landstings och kommunalfullmäktigval äger rum på svenska ambassaden i Amman (Shmeisani, Khalil Joubran Street, mittemot Princess Alia College) under tiden: 25/8 - 5/9 1988 söndag-torsdag kl. 08.00-15.00 Även lördag 27/8 och lördag 3/9 kl. 09.00-11.00. Medtag röstkort, om Du har, samt pass-legitima-

Oppet hus hålls valkvällen den 18 September kl. 20.00 - på ambassaden. Välkomna. Ambassadens tel nr. 66 91 77/78/79.

Information regarding General Elections in Sweden 1988

THOSE entitled to vote in Swedish General Elections 1988 may do so at the Swedish Embassy in Amman (Shmeisani, Khalil Joubran Street, opposite Princess Alia College), during August 25 - September 5, 1988, Sunday-Thursday at 8 a.m. - 3 p.m. Also Saturday, August 27, and Saturday, September 3 at 9 a.m. - 11 a.m.

Please bring your poll card, passport and proof of identity. Open house to be held on September 18 starting at 8 p.m. at the Swedish Embassy. Welcome. Swedish Embassy Telephone no: 66 91 77/78/79,

Jordan Times

جوردن تايمز يومية عربية سيلمية مستكلة تمعير بالانحليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاربنية Chairman of the Board of Directors: MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Responsible Editor and Director General: MOHAMMAD AMAD

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Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO

Facsimile: 661242

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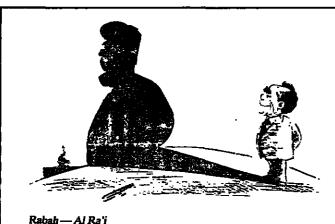
Beware of speculation

IN THE five weeks since Iran accepted a ceasefire in the war with Iraq, the currency market in the Middle East has been swept by all kinds of speculative tactics involving the Iraqi dinar. Much more so in Jordan in light of the close business links between the Amman market and the circulation of the Iraqi dinar. Adding to the murky waters was the foiled Lebanese presidential elections which boosted the Lebanese pound for about a week, before dumping it.

Notwithstanding the free nature of the Jordanian economy and its currency market, we cannot allow a handful of people to reap non-productive gains at the expense of the unsuspecting public. A line has to be drawn somewhere, since it is very clear that the sharp fluctuations in the value of the Iraqi dinar, as well as the wavering Lebanese lira, contain grave risks. While it was only a natural phenomenon that the Iraqi dinar should rise along with prospects for peace in the Gulf, there are serious questions as to whether the steep climb it recorded in the past weeks was logical. Who will pay the price before it settles down to a realistic level with the rest of the world's currencies?

The flurry of activity in the Amman foreign exchange market is expected and normal, as long as it does not threaten to undermine the national economy and the interests of the public at large. We are reminded of the speculation in gold in the early 1980s when bullion prices went up to as high as \$800 before tumbling down by more than 50 per cent. Memories of the losses that the process dealt to the public at large are still fresh. We would hope that the concerned authorities move in and take definite action to avert a repetition of such a disaster now.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS



Al Ra'i: Mobilising Arab efforts

KING Hussein's visit to the United Arab Emirates and his talks with its President Sheikh Zayed Ibn Sultan Al Nahayan were part of Jordan's drive to maintain consultation with Arab heads of state and discuss with them current affairs. The visit took place one day after the ceasefire agreement between Iran and Iraq took effect and three weeks after Jordan's decision to sever legal and administrative ties with the West Bank. King Hussein is eager to mobilise Arab efforts and to unify Arab countries' stands vis-a-vis all issues of concern to the Arab World. Jordan realises the Iraqi victory in the Gulf war has removed Iran's threats directed at the Gulf states, but it also believes a united Arab stand should be maintained from now on to preserve security and peace in the Gulf region. Jordan's relations with the United Arab Emirates, which is in the heart of the Gulf region, have been progressing and developing over the years, and there is no doubt that King Hussein's visit and consultations with Sheikh Zayed are bound to bolster bilateral ties, and strengthen the Arab stand in the face of external threats.

Al Dustour: Still steadfast

THE Israeli army chief of staff made a statement indicating that Israeli troops have so far failed to quell the uprising in the occupied Arab territories. This is clear evidence that no matter what terrorist activities Israeli forces might resort to and regardless of the detention of thousands of Arab youths, the Palestinians are clearly determined to regain their rights and their homeland. The statement gives support to earlier reports that Israel has tried all possible measures to stem the revolt and carried out all sorts of inhuman practices against the Arab population to no avail. Admission of failure coming from a man who heads the Israeli military machinery proves to the world that the Palestinians are still steadfast and that their sacrifices and their struggle are justified and bound to bear fruit. The uprising can truly be described as a revolt by the oppressed people of Palestine against occupation and one that had aborted all Israeli measures to end it at any cost. We are confident the Palestinian people will escalate their struggle against the occupation forces and attain their aspirations.

Sawt Al Shaab: Real momentum

KING Hussein and United Arab Emirates President Sheikh Zayed Ibn Sultan Al Nahayan discussed concerted Arab countries' steps in the wake of the Gulf war and joint efforts for the establishment of security and peace in the Gulf. King Hussein's efforts have always been oriented towards enhancing consensus and agreement among Arab countries and strengthening the Arab nation's position. His tours in Arab countries and constant consultations with Arab leaders reflect his deep faith in his nation and its ability to work for a better future for the Arab masses. The two leaders' talks concentrated on means of maintaining Arab solidarity in the wake of the Gulf war, and ways to give joint Arab action real momentum on the regional and international levels.

Israel's open season on Palestinians

Editor's note: The Palestinian Human Rights Information Centre (PHRIC) in Jerusalem has been publishing an "uprising update," which aims to clarify the existing human rights situation as it develops in the occupied territories, as the uprising enters its ninth month. The information bulletin is distributed in cooperation with the Database Project on Palestinian Human Rights, whose international office is in Chicago. These updates will be published in the Jordan Times as they are received. Included in these information bulletins are lists of those killed during the uprising, as

Palestinians had died in connection to the intifada as of July 28; 214 from shooting; 59 from tear gas; 20 from beating, burning, electrocution and stoning; and 26 in related or ambiguous circumstances. Thirty-three of them have died since June 25, an average of one a day. This is a sharp increase over recent weeks, especially sharp since the end of the first week in July. Most of these deaths are from shooting. There are a number of cases in which people have been killed by three or more bullets. Three of the martyrs during this period were Christian, bringing the total number of Christian intifada martyrs to five. "This shows there is no difference between Christian and Muslim," said a Muslim shopkeeper in the Old City of Jerusalem. "We are the same."

confirmed by the International Committee of the Red Cross, lists of detainees, and updated human rights reports as they develop. While some sources and background material is publicly available, most of the information comes from first hand reports, fieldworker visits to hospitals, refugee camps, towns and villages, and from working relationships between the PHRIC and other institutions in the occupied territories. The material is collected and verified in Jerusalem and sent to Chicago, where the updates are produced and distributed internationally.

Three hundred nineteen ings has varied during the course Between January 15 and Februalestinians had died in connectof the uprising. Until mid-March, ary 1 no one was killed by shootary 1 no one was killed by shootthe announced policy of the ing. In February 36 people were Israeli army was to shoot only shot to death; 2 of them from when soldiers perceived their Gaza. In March, 43 people were lives to be in danger. The policy shot to death; 4 of them from was supposed to include firing Gaza. Between April 1 and April into the air, tear gas, rubber 14, 20 people were shot to death, bullets, and then, as a last resort, 4 of them in Gaza. Between April live ammunition directed at de-15 and 17, 18 people were shot to monstrators. The killings that death; 12 of them from Gaza. occurred were almost always The population of Gaza in relaannounced as having taken place tion to the West Bank has according to that procedure, even obviously remained constant when massive eyewitness evidurig this period; the comparadence contradicted such assertive rate of protest between the tions, even when Palestinians had two areas has also remained relatively stable. The comparative clearly been killed by sniper bullets. That shooting has not been a means of self defence for the rate of deaths from tear gas has also been constant. Yet in Febru-Israeli army is clear from the ary, March and the beginning of difference in rate of shooting April the death rate from shootdeaths between the West Bank ing in Gaza was markedly lower and Gaza. Between December 9 than the death rate from shooting and January 15, of the 39 people in the West Bank. This largely The mortality rate from shoot- shot to death 27 were from Gaza. but not completely coincided with

beating in the West Bank. And for two weeks in January the Israeli army managed not to kill anyone at all with bullets. What controls the rate of deaths by shooting is clearly neither the intensity of protest nor any perceived need for the soldiers to defend themselves.

In the middle of March, Israeli Defence Minister Yitshak Rabin announced a policy whereby anyone seen to be throwing molotovs or other suspicious objects could be shot. Settlers were also explicitly permitted to shoot to kill. That this has resulted in a virtual open season on Palestinians can be seen from the figures. In the second half of March the death rate from shooting was practically triple that of the first two weeks (31 as opposed to 12). Betweeen March 15 and April 7, 44 people were shot to death. By April 18, the total number dead from shooting had reached 159. On April 16, following the assassination of Abu Jihad, 13 people were killed by shooting; two more shot on the 16th died of their wounds the next day.

Serious injuries

Estimates of the number of reported serious injuries ranged

life, usually departing from the

law of supply and demand," the

People's Daily said in July. "The

consequences include worsened

number of people actually in-jured. A group of American fatty tissues, and mucus memin February estimated the total number of injuries as perhaps 33,000 on the West Bank and 5,000 in Gaza. In general, Palesti-nians do not want knowledge of their injuries known, if at all possible, to prevent subsequent decentralised and record keeping Intrauterine fetal mortality arrest. Medical treatment is also incomplete. Checking on num-bers of injuries has been hampered further by the imposition of curfews, preventing entry and exit to many sites. One medical relief committee estimates that it has seen some 12,000 people

Tear gas-related deaths

since the uprising began.

The exact cause of tear gas -related deaths is uncertain. It could be that the deprivation of oxygen or the effect of the gas on and their unborn babies, old people, persons with respiratory or the result of toxins released (e.g., cyanide) when the chemicals tear gas, which are in use, are of the problem.

the period during which injuries from beating in Gaza were far more multiple than injuries from the seriod during which injuries at about 2000 as of the end of lethal in high concentrations, especially in enclosed spaces. CS resent only a small portion of the powder enters the respiratory system. physicians visiting the territories branes. Also the powder can stick to the skin and cause burning and welts on the body. Warnings against the use in enclosed spaces are on the tear gas cannisters; nonetheless the gas continues to be used in high concentrations in enclosed areas.

This table does not include information on intrauterine fetal deaths among women in the last trimester of pregnancy who have been exposed to high concentra-tions of tear gas. While the exact number of these deaths is unknown (many occur when people are under curfew and cannot obtain medical aid; these deaths remain unreported) physicians estimate that in Gaza alone, as of the end of February, there had been at least 80 fetal deaths. On blood circulation places a strain the night of March 7-8 alone, 11 on sectors of the population at fetal deaths were reported among risk: infants, pregnant women women in four Gaza refugee camps. While hard epidemiological evidence is lacking, some heart conditions. It may also be significant connection between the tear gas and the stillbirths seems clear. UNRWA is currentbreak down. Types CS and CN ly involved in a systematic study

After a decade of reform China comes to a crossroad

By Jim Abrams The Associated Press

A land of great excess and discouraging want; encumbered in 1987 topped \$270 billion, by too many people (more than a more than double a decade earbillion) with too many expecta- lier and up 9.4 per cent from tions grappling for too few resources with too little money and not enough opportunity for suc-

Deng, now 84 and semi-retired, says the political, economic and social reforms he initiated in 1978 have now entered a "crucial

stage."
China must push ahead with price reforms without exacerbating double-digit inflation. It must produce more goods while reining in an industrial growth rate of 17 per cent, far greater than the nation's weak infrastructure and limited financial resources can sustain.

China must also give its people more democracy without unleashing the already serious problems of unrest and crime that accompany a less regimented society.

For all its dramatic changes of the past decade, China is still an achingly poor agrarian-based nation where millions have never ridden in a car, seen an indoor toilet or travelled beyond the next mountain.

The government estimates that 60 million people live below the poverty line of 150 yuan (\$40) per person a year. In the dusty drylands of north-central China, where the late Chairman Mao Tse-Tung built his revolutionary base 50 years ago, 30 million people still live in caves.

20% illiterate

About 20 per cent of Chinese, a number almost equal to the population of the United States. are illiterate.

But Deng, thrice-purged by Mao, has transformed the landscape since a now legendary Communist Party conference in late 1978 when he consolidated power, rejected the primacy of class struggle and announced that Socialism must be equated with economic development, not political upheaval and poverty.

Deng revived the family farm. encouraged free markets and said private enterprise is crucial to what he calls a "Socialist commodity 'He has traded off есополку. unwieldly central planning for production according to market

More recently China has begun experimenting with stock mar-kets, shareholding, land auctions and private housing. Cities avidly compete for foreign investment, and already 12,000 companies, led by those from Hong Kong, the United States and Japan, have invested nearly \$10 billion in joint ventures and wholly owned

Zhao Ziyang, the new general secretary of the Communist Party, speaking at a landmark party congress last fall, emphasised that China will be in the "primary stage of Socialism" for 100 years. In effect, we have economists a century to tinker with capitalistic business practices.

During Deng's decade, incomes have more than tripled in the countryside, to about 450 yuan (\$121) annually per person, and doubled in the cities to about 1,000 yuan (\$270).

GNP doubled

holds now have colour TVs and one-tenth have refrigerators. In 1981 the figure for both was near reform years of Deng Xiaoping.
What is the state of the nation?
A land of great execution.

China's gross national product 1986. Foreign trade quadrupled to \$80 billion, and 1.7 million foreign tourists scaled the Great Wall and viewed the wonders of

pay the consequences of losing will on the objective economic In reality, though, the manager

still depends on government indulgences for scarce energy and raw materials, and he often must sell to the state at unrealistically low prices. Alarming inflation

His right to dismiss redundant or unsatisfactory workers is rarely used. China, with an official unemployment rate of 2 per cent. strongly prefers having its excess ancient Xian, compared to labour force, estimated at 20 mil-

lion to 30 million, loafing on the

Price reform, highlighted this

year by sharply increased retail

prices for such basics as pork,

vegetables, sugar and eggs, has

been put on hold for the second

half of 1988 because of an alarm-

up 19 per cent over the same

month in 1987, the highest infla-

tion figure ever announced by the

Communist government Officials

say the living standards of 20 per

cent of city dwellers declined last

Still, the government insists

"Setting price ceilings is impos-

ing the government's subjective

year due to rising prices.

price reform will continue.

Consumer prices in June were

ing inflation rate.

"For all its dramatic changes of the past decade, China is still an achingly poor agrarian-based nation where millions have never ridden in a car, seen an indoor toilet or travelled beyond the next mountain."

230,000 in 1978.

The most profound changes job rather than on the streets. have come in the countryside, where 80 per cent of China's 1.07 billion people live. Deng dismantled Mao's initiative-stifling communes and gave the farm back to the family. The farmer now contracts with the state for a certain amount of produce, and can sell anything above his quota on the better-paying free market.

Deng's assurances that it was no sin to get rich has led to "\$10,000-yuan-a-year (\$2,700) households." inconceivable during Mao's ultra-leftist cultural reolution in 1966-76.

Despite the successes, "agriculture problems are crying out for a solution," the daily publication Economic Information has said. Grain production, after hitting a record 407 million tons in 1984. fell sharply in 1985 and has yet to fully recover.

Bad weather is partly to blame, but a key problem is that the government, while warning that the nation barely produces enough to feed itself, pays too little for contracted grain. Farmers have little interest in planting rice when they can earn two or three times as much growing watermelons for the free market or setting up a factory on abandoned grain fields.

20 million entrepreneurs

Beijing is also talking about the need for mechanised "optimumscale" farms, meaning large-scale production. While no one advocates bringing back communes, there is growing recognition that the family farmer scrapping away at his average 1.5 acres (0.6 hectar) with his water buffalo and hoe, has little room for expanded production

The most visible evidence of reform in China's cities and towns today is the 20 million free market entrepreneurs whose stalls of fresh foods and brightly coloured clothes clog streetcomers.

China also has 3.6 million people working for 225,000 private businesses," or entrepreneurs employing eight or more people. These workers, often hired on fixed contracts, give up "eating from the iron pot," the lifetime employment system where performance is irrelevant, for a shot at earning more in a profit-making company.

Recent economic reforms have centred on giving factory managers more autonomy and adjusting prices to reflect market values rather than arbitrary state-set ceilings. In both areas, progress has been slow and arduous.

tem, factory managers are freed from excess interference from Peking or local party secretaries. The manager and his workers are One-fourth of urban house- rewarded for making profits and

Under the responsibility sys-

scarcity of commodities, rampant black market, heavier burden of government subsidies and worsening of the social mood."

While China is a decade ahead of the Soviet Union in economic reforms, it is struggling to keep up with political changes emanat-ing from Mikhail S. Gorbachev's

Ending party role?

At China's 7th national party congress last October, Chairman Zhao ordered the 47-millionmember Communist Party to end its direct controls over bureaucracy and business, and stick to a more lofty role of setting the nation's political course.

The party is also preaching the need for more democracy. Members of local party congresses, or legislatures, are chosen by direct election and the national people's congress, once a rubberstamp for party directives, has been given greater authority to shape and modify bills submitted by the party.

Deng remains the ultimate voice on party matters. But he also led the way in rejuvenating the party's aging leadership ranks last fall when he resigned from the five-member politburo standing committee, the party's inner circle of decision-makers.

OPEN FORUM

Eternal sufferers, or...

IN most Third World and East Bloc countries the mass media is either controlled or semi-controlled by the state. Radio and television are usually under total government control, while newspapers and magazines are indirectly controlled or guided by the government. While liberal governments cannot control their media and still have secrets to guard against publishing, journalists in those countries make it their duty to dig out all the secrets and behind-the-scene deaks and make them public.

- It was journalists that ancovered the American Watergate scandal and the Iran-contra affair. In fact it was a Third World magazine, the Lebanese Al Shira' that first reported the Irangate

- It is widely believed that the mass media played a major role in the Israeli withdrawal from most of the Lebanon after their invasion in 1982. This was due to TV coverage by daring TV crews

and journalists. - Israel is mainly hurting from the current Palestinian intifada again due to TV coverage of reporters who are jeopardising their lives and diguity — they put up with humiliation by Israeli officers in search of doing their jobs right. When there are enough dedicated people in this field, there are positive results.

The press is called Her Majesty or the fourth estate when there

are publishers, journalists and reporters who are dedicated enough to their jobs and willing to sacrifice for their message and to be

worthy of being part of Her Majesty. Referring to Salameh Ne'matt's article, "forgive the eternal sufferers," on Aug. 10 — the fact that Mr. Kawar was able to deliver the lecture mention ned in the rena Ne'matt wrote what was said are examples of the possibility of

writing and discussing what journalists want, when properly done. It is everyone's duty to do his or her best towards having a better relationship and understanding between government and citizens in a country like ours. But it is the duty of the people of the press to be the messengers who carry out this task of nerrowing the gap between the two. I think the government would be grateful if the press in our country would, for a change, expose people's problems and complaints, especially if the reporters give facts (without exaggeration) and have faith in what they are writing. This would enable the government to deal with such problems, once these problems are publicly revealed and discussed in a spirit of accuracy and profession

bels.

Mohammad Atiyeh

Contra rebels losing ground

By Bryna Brennan The Associated Press

MANAGUA, Nicaragua - The retreat of contra rebels and supporters to remote Honduran base camps threatens the survival of the insurgency to oust Nicaragua's leftist Sandinista government.

The action also reverses months of political and military

Officials at the rebel camps said more than 14,000 contra troops and civilians crossed the Coco River border in the past four months into Yamales in the steep Honduran mountains. Rebel officers estimate that no more than 2,000 fighters remain in the northern Nicaraguan hills. The rebels blame the with-

drawal on the United States, which on Feb. 29 cut off military aid - a bargaining chip, they say, for discussions to end the war that began in 1981. Congress has voted to grant only non-lethal aid distributed in Honduras.

"Our forces can't stay in Nicaragua — surrounded by Sandinista troops — without bullets in their rifles," Enrique Bermudez, the rebel commander and member of the contra political directorate, said recently. "Military aid must be a threat to the Sandinistas to continue negotiating. We need to convince congress we enter from a position of strength." Thousands of troops, many in

new U.S. army uniforms, wait at The contras' reputation as an the base camps, occasionally fallunsavory band of ragtag thugs ing into formation. They buoy whose troops murdered civilians each other's morale, playing and kidnapped youths began changing in 1986. Peasants and baseball and checkers on homemade boards with toothpaste caps. Makeshift tents of wood stakes covered with plastic or

Trained by CLA The population of the refugee camps swelled from 8,000 at the

young people joined their ranks, which swelled above 10,000. U.S. Congress approved a \$100 ponchos dot the hillsides. million military and humanitarian aid package in June 1986. By the

at the end of June. Honduras claims that up to 200,000 Nicara-

guans live illegally in its territory.
At one of the camps, new arrivals, their clothes tattered from more than a mouth of walking, worked under the tropical sun to clear the brush. Many of the civilians said they followed the troops because they would suffer Sandinista repression without contra protection.

"If we had aid, all our troops would be inside Nicaragua," said a 37-year-old contra official

whose nom de guerre is Com-

mander Johnson. "It will take a long time to get back to where we

The first contras came from the

ranks of the national guard under

dictator Anastasio Somoza, who

was ousted in a 1979 revolution-

ary war that brought the Sandinistas to power. A dozen rebels

received training in Argentina in

1981 and others were taught by

CIA-contracted Argentine in

structors at Honduran base camps. The CIA was also held

responsible for air drops of

weapons, food and other sup-

following spring, the rebels, well-

armed and many trained in the

United States, moved out of their

start of 1987 to more than 13,000 Honduran base camps into Nicar-

The Sandinistas accused the contras of forcing recruitment and of a record number of human rights abuses.

Sethacks

Asked about the abuses, Johnson acknowledged: "There are still revenge killings by both sides, but it's not a policy of our

organisation." The rebels had their greatest battlefield and political gains against the Soviet-backed Sandi-

nista government in 1987. They

became more popular when the

government drew increasing cri-

mandatory recruitment and rep-

year suffered setbacks in recent

In a surprise move three weeks

after U.S. military aid ended Feb. -

29, the Sandinistas and the contra

civilian directorate signed an

agreement to seek a negotiated

The ceasefire plan prohibited

the fighters from receiving any

military aid, but allowed non-

lethal supplies to be distributed

inside Nicaragua by a neutral

international organisation.

Congress, citing the pact, with-

held further militay aid and in March allocated \$15.5 million for

supplies ranging from food to uniforms and \$17.7 million for

medical aid to child war victims. The supplies were to be distri-

settlement to the war.

ticism for the failing economy,

But the rebel advances of last

The contras' reputation as an unsavory band of

ragtag thugs whose troops murdered civilians and

months.

kidnapped youths began changing in 1986.

At about the same time, deep divisions emerged among the re-

Some contra commanders who

signed the peace plan charged commander in chief Enrique Bermudez with corruption and called for a barracks uprising. The dissidents were purged and the troops rallied around Ber-

mudez, who opposed the cease-Bermudez, a former colonel in Somoza's national guard, was elected in July to the sevenmember contra political directorate and was said to have resigned

his post as the military comman-

der in chief. However, he clearly

remains in control. Bermudez, who recently visited the camps, listened as soldiers complained about the diet of rice and beans. Many of the new arrivals are to start military training in September, while some of the civilians and fighters will head for nearby refugee camps run by the United Nations.

But rebel officials said thousands of other fighters and civilians were expected to cross the border into Honduras soon Felix Mendoza, a Honduran farmer who allows the contras to

use his land, said "incredible numbers" of rebels had entered in recent days. "Nicaragua will soon be emp-ty," said Mendoza. Bermudez called the cutoff of

American aid "a tragedy for Central America" and said he will seek support from other govern-Commander Augustine, 29, a

company leader who has been fighting for seven years, said: "I didn't want to come back here. We still have some bullets but we medical aid to child war victims. needed clothes boots and food.

The supplies were to be distributed in Honduras by the U.S. last drop of blood. We want

Agency for International De

Agency for International De liberty in our country, said the velopment.

Iranian rebels vow not to abandon drive

NICOSIA - Iran's main opposition group admits that the Iran-Iraq cease-fire poses problems for continuing its fight against Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's Islamic government, but vows to fight on.

"Under no circumstances will we halt our struggle against his government," said Ali Reza Jaferzadeh, spokesman for the Iraq-based National Liberation Army (NLA) of Iran. "We will fight until its downfall."

But the Aug. 20 ceasefire willbe a significant test for the ability of the rebels, led by Massoud Rajavi, to maintain their challenge to the fundamentalist Islamic government in Tehran after escalating their campaign from hit-andrun guerrilla raids to full-scale military offensives.

The Iraqis are unlikely to allow the NLA, composed mainly of fighters from the Mujahedeen-e-Khalq, to go on launching attacks across the border into Iran and risk being blamed for violating the truce.

Iranian and Iraqi negotiators scheduled to meet in Geneva Thursday to discuss a formal peace agreement to end the eight-year-old Gulf war are expected to seek assurances that both sides will curb opposition groups from operating from their territory.

Jafarzadeh, interviewed by telephone at the NLA's headquarters in Baghdad, conceded that the cease-fire could halt their attacks into Iran.

But he said that the NLA could "find alternatives to continue the struggle" against

"Geography has never been a problem for us," he said. "We can find other ways to topple Khomeini.

Asked what these were, he said, without elaboration: "We

have suitable tactics to implement our strategy. We believe we can cope with this new

"Active resistance to the govemment of the ayatollahs will continue until genuine peace and freedom in Iran is achieved."

He added: "We've always called for peace. Peace operates to our benefit because it will hasten the downfall of Khomeini's government.

'Khomeini was absolutely right when he said that peace is poison for him. It will kill him and his government."

But clearly peace will hamper the NLA's operations from bases inside Iraq at a time when its leaders believe the Tehran government is the most vulnerable it has been since the 1979 revolution.

The rebels argue that the military setbacks Tehran has suffered over the last few months, including major assaults by the NLA, and Khomeini's unexpected, unconditional acceptance of the United Nations' ceasefire resolution last month underline the government's weakness.

The NLA has taken heart also from public statements by Iranian leaders that the rebels have become a threat to internal stability.

The rebels, in the most ambitious attack of their 18-monthold campaign, captured the towns of Karand and Eslamabad 100 kilometres inside Iran, threatening the provincial capital of Bakhtaran, last month.

Iranian President Ali Khamenei declared: "A group of hypocrites, two-faced and evil people, may appear in the country supported by foreign propaganda... to try to break our national pride... and make

Tehran claimed its forces kil-



franians living in the U.S. stage an anti-Khomeini demonstration in the wake of a military success by

the dissident National Liberation Army of Iran in July this year

led 4,800 of the rebels, who appear to have been stiffened with Iraqi forces, in a three-day battle and drove them back across the border.

The NLA admits it lost 1,000 fighters, its heaviest casualties in any operation since it launched large-scale attacks a year ago, but claimed to have killed or wounded 40,000 of Khomeini's Revolutionary Guards.

It is not possible to verify either side's claim.

Irans official media have reported that scores of Mujahedeen prisoners and collaborators in western Iran have been publicly executed since late

The NLA claims the Iranians, fearful of the rebel threat at this critical juncture, have executed thousands of captured fighters and political prisoners to stifle resistance.

The Financial Times of London reported from Tehran last week that scores of prisoners have been executed in detention centres in the capital and buried in mass graves.

The rebels believe Tehran faces a convulsive backlash from Iranians who, after being promised ultimate victory for years, will question why it threw in the towel now rather than negotiate a year ago when Iran held a slight military

Diplomats in Tehran told the AP that there does not appear to be any imminent internal threat to Khomeini's govern-

One reason, they said, was that many Iranians who may have been sympathetic to the Mujahedeen in the past were appalled by Rajavi's alliance with Iraq two years ago after he was expelled from France.

The Mujahedeen were allies of Khomeini against Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlayi during the revolution. But the fundamentalists turned on the Mujahedeen, and other leftist factions, in a savage purge in which thousands were killed or imprisoned.

354 dead, 12,500 wounded, 23,000 held

Israeli forces caused 1,800 miscarriages, PLO reports to U.N.

babies, the document said.

them miscarry," it said.

their homes...

ported."

"Since January 1988, the

Israeli occupation forces have

adopted one more cowardly poli-

cy against the Palestinian civi-

lians. They have started to syste-

matically attack pregnant women

deliberate use of teargas inside

GENEVA (Agencies) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) said Tuesday 1,800 Palestinian women had suffered miscarriages due to beatings or use of teargas by Israeli troops during the eightmonth uprising in the occupied West Bank and Gaza

In a memorandum to a United and victims included children and Nations human rights panel, the PLO said since last December, 354 Palestinians had been killed in clashes with Israeli forces, and 12,500 injured, of whom 5,000 were handicapped for life.

Figures compiled in Israel and the occupied territories by Reu-ters show that at least 263 Palestinians have died in the uprising. Israeli authorities had demolished 550 Palestinian houses as a collective punishment measure, and held 23,000 people in 'administrative detention" as well as deporting 28 Palestinian civilians, the PLO said.

The memorandum was dated Aug. 8, prior to an announcement by Israel last week that it had expelled four more Palestinians from the occupied territories, and proposed to expel a

The PLO memorandum accused Israeli forces of using teargas "and other sorts of toxic gas"

Submitted by Nabil Ramlawi, U.N. European office in Geneva. the memorandum was circulated as an official document at a ses-

and protection of minorities.

Rajoub was one of eight expelled Palestinians who gave evidence Monday and Tuesday to another U.N. committee here investigating Israeli practices in the occupied territories.

The PLO report spoke of house demolitions "as a measure of collective punishment," by the Israeli authorities.

Ignoring the principles and provisions of international law, and with the feeling that it is protected by a superpower, Israel has gone beyond the violations of human rights, and has started to perpetrate crimes against humanity and crimes of war," he said.

and beat them up, until many of Law in the Service of Man, an "Within a few days since the affiliate of the International beginning of this policy, tens of Commission of Jurists based in pregnant women have miscarried the West Bank, says 60 houses or given birth to stillborn babies have been demolished and 24 as a result of savage beatings, or sealed since late last year. The group estimates that between 40,000 and 50,000 people have "So far, 1,800 such cases of suffered injuries ranging from teargas inhalation to serious gunmiscarriages have been reshot wounds.

The PLO report said that PLO permanent observer at the Israeli occupation forces and also often Israeli civilian settlers have been indiscriminately shooting Palestinian civilians on a daily

weapon that it says has been used In a related development, an since March 1988, grenades that expelled Palestinian, Jibril are thrown from helicopters and Mohammad Al Rajoub, told a explode on impact, firing tens of

The report also said Israeli had jailed or detained between occupation authorities have 350,000 and 400,000 Palestinians attacked hospitals and clinics, and hundreds had died because of "storming them, beating up patients and medical staff.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE

PLO takes full charge of W. Bank civil servants

(Continued from page 1)

with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein Tuesday on developments in the Arab World, the Iraqi News Agency (INA) reported.

Arafat arrived in Baghdad Monday and was due to go on to Tunis for a meeting of the PLO

Uprising's call

Leaders of the Palestinian uprising in the occupied territories have urged the PLO to offer a comprehensive political strategy for the occupied territories. The appeal was issued

In their latest communique since the uprising began eight months ago, the underground leaders of the revolt called on the PLO to offer a clear political strategy on the occupied territories that would win the Palesti-

nians world support. The communique was seen by

weтe killed.

some Palestinian analysts as a call on the part of the masses," the for moderation and compromise leaflet added. "We invite you to with Israel.

It called on the PNC to remove occupation." ambiguities in its policy and work to gather support for Palestinian nationalism.

PNC will make a clear and comprehensive political programme Palestinians to stage four days of that will bring international support to our national rights, and we are assured the PNC will take practical steps to support the intifada," it said.

It also called on the PNC to work towards convening an international peace conference for the Middle East.

"There is no going back on the achievements realised on the path to the establishment of an independent Palestinian state on our national soil... the Zionists (will) be driven out of our land so that we may built on it our independent state with its capital in Jerusalem," the four-page communique said.

There is "no sign of weariness

extend the struggle against the

The leaflet called for setting up underground classrooms, planting crops for storage and boycot-"We are certain the coming ting Israeli farm products.

The leaflet also called for general strikes over the next seven days in solidarity with those expelled from the occupied territories and with five Palestinians killed both in a fire in Tel Aviv and by Israeli troops in a prison revolt last week.

The communique criticised Israel's ban on a network of local "popular committees."

"We call on the Israeli public, warning them of the result of the policies of repression being carried out... against our people. This policy will only bring ruin to you if it continues," the communique said.

Israeli military censors barred Reuters from reporting the rest of its contents.

War-trapped Kuwaiti vessel sails home

KUWAIT (Agencies) - A Kuwaiti ship trapped eight year in Iraqi waters by the Gulf war has sailed home after the declaration of a ceasefire Saturday, the

ship's owners said Monday. The Ibn Al Haytham, caught since 1980 in the Khour Al Zubair inlet in the northern Gulf, arrived in Kuwait's Shuwaikh Arab Maritime Company (UAMC) said in a statement.

UAMC said the 23,890-tonne ship would be inspected and repaired before going back into

waterway, the Shatt Al Arab, which forms the southern Iran-

trapped in Khor Zubair since the outbreak of the war, UAMC

The Lloyd's register of ships

based Gulf News Agency, are collectively owned by the Arab countries along the Gulf. Khor Zubair is a port about 320

however had no Ibn Haytham but an 23,891-ton Ibn Hayvan vessel registered as flying the Kuwaiti

flag and belonging to the UAMC. The UAMC, like the Bahrain-

kilometres south of the Iraqi city of Basra.

Umm Al Qasr water inlet.

The general opinion in Gulf shipping circles had been that the trapped vessels would be useless except for scrap after the eight

Iragi ports would not be able to operate without heavy dredging and mine-clearing after the eight years' halt to services, but it seems that Khor Zubair at least is operational. At least one of the first Iraqi vessels to sail out after the ceasefire had reportedly also

Loveday underwriting agencies estimated that the ships caught in the Shatt Al Arab had an aggregate insured value of \$400 mil-

take two years to repair Basra at the northern end of the Shatt Al indiscriminately against civilians. The gas had caused many deaths, Vassiliou

aims for peace next year

island.

nute talks with the Greek-Cypriot leader before a scheduled meeting with Rauf Denktash, head of the breakaway Turkish republic

This is what I hope to achieve peace next year.

lunch for the two leaders in Geneva Wednesday, the start of ioint talks aimed at resuming stalled negotiations on forming a unified federal republic. The meeting here may carry over to Thursday.
The U.N. chief said on arrival

late Monday that he hoped a "climate of cooperation, of dialogue" would emerge. He is to announce the date for

formal U.N.-mediated talks to be held on the island in early September.

when Turkey seized the northern third of the island after a coup by Athens-backed officers. Only Ankara recognises the northern Cypriot government, which declared its independence in 1983. I made by Reagan.

sion of the U.N. sub-commission basis since December. on prevention of discrimination It referred to a new kind of

PLO news conference Tuesday rubber bullets at a time." that since 1967, Israeli authorities torture or bad conditions.

American forces

more relaxed in Gulf Washington has said that even cies) — U.S. naval forces in the after a reduction was made, some U.S. warships would remain in

Gulf have relaxed their military posture somewhat to reflect a lowering of tension since a ceasefire took effect in the Iran-Iraq war, the White House said Monday. Spokesman Marlin Fitzwater

SANTA BARBARA (Agen-

told reporters some of the U.S. warships in the Gulf would make more port calls to allow shore leave for crew, and fewer aircraft natrols were being made. Fitzwater said the decision to

allow a slight reduction in activities of the 26-ship force was made over the weekend. The truce in the eight-year Gulf war went into effect Saturday. He said the change was "to

reflect a more relaxed atmosphere (in the Gulf) following the ceasefire." Fitzwater spoke as President Reagan was mid-way through a three-week holiday at his mountaintop ranch north of Santa Barbara.

The spokesman reiterated Washington's official stands that the U.S. presence in the Gulf, increased significantly a year ago. would be cut only as the threat to civilian shipping in the region diminished.

U.S. naval presence in the region was increased sharply from a normal contingent of three or four vessels in mid-1987 to protect Kuwaiti tankers flying American flags under an agreement

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the waterway as they have since

Although official spokesmen have refused to speculate on when any actual force cut would begin, defence officials told Reuters privately in Washington last week a few ships might be ordered home as early as September without

The U.S. is also reducing the number of sorties to be flown over the Gulf. Fitzwater said. But Fitzwater said he had no comment when asked about a

Soviet offer to withdraw its naval forces from the Gulf if other countries do so. "We have said in the past that as the threat diminishes in the Gulf so would our presence. We are taking some actions at this time to allow certain activities

An administration official, speaking on condition he not be identified, said a decision was made over the weekend to fly

fewer sorties and to make more

port calls to allow sailors to rest.

since there is less need to patrol.

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U.N. reports all quiet along Iran-Iraq front

(Continued from page 1)

negotiations. In another development, the captam of one of the first vessels to sail down the Khor Abdullah waterway since the truce said the

Captain Mohammed Fuad Al Khasab, in an interview with the Kuwait News Agency monitored by the AP in Bahrain, said his 22,300-tonne Ibn Al Haytham was hit by a rocket at the outstart of the war but was only lightly damaged, although two crewmen

shipping lanes there were "navig-

down to Kuwait Monday (see page 5) and Khasab confirmed that the lanes were "navigable." An observer on the central front, Norwegian Captain Arne Ophus, told reporters Sunday that, if fighting did resume, the observers would be able to do

nothing except withdraw.

The Ibn Al Haytham sailed

Meauwhile Baghdad Radio said former Iraqi President Abdul Rahman Mohammad Arif, who was deposed by President Saddam Hussein 20 years ago, had congratulated Hussein on Iraqi victories in the war.

"Centuries passed while the Arabs had been helpless but today the Iraqis, with your command, achieved the first victory against those who harboured ambitions on our land," it quoted Arif as saying.

After being deposed Arif went into exile in Turkey but was allowed to return to Iraq in the late 1970s. At the U.N., a team of U.N.

experts said Tuesday mustard gas was used against Iranian civilians during an air attack near an urban centre earlier this month. "It is with deep concern that

we have reached the conclusion... that in spite of repeated appeals by the United Nations, chemical weapons have been used against Iranian civilians in an area adjacent to an urban centre lacking any protection against that kind attack," the experts said.

Their written report followed a visit to Iran from Aug. 12 to 14 to investigate charges that Aug. 2 Iraq dropped bombs containing chemical agents near the town of Oshnaviyeh, about 65 kilometres south of Oroumiyeh in western

U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar said Monday that talks necessary for an Iran-Iraq peace settlement can be quickened if negotiators enter with the political will for prog-

"I don't think that all the problems can be resolved in a few months," he told reporters at an

A declaration issued in Athens, which holds the rotating presidency of the 12-nation bloc, said the community had formally approached the Israeli authorities

authorities to assure the protection of the inhabitants in the occupied territories in compliance with international law and human rights standards," a state-

In Washington, the State Department also complained to a senior Israeli diplomat about the expulsions, an Israeli source said. Obed Eran, the charge d'afrapid."

two delegations.

"100,000-dollar question." One of the most important points in the initial phase of the talks was the repatriation of the

Palestinian killed in Gaza

Deputy Secretary of State John tion Committee (ADC).

(Continued from page 1)

on both issues. The 12 called upon the Israeli

faires at the Israeli embassy, was called in Monday to meet with airport press conference in Geneva. "(But) one should not be a pessimist. If there is a political will the rhythm could be quite

He said he expects the talks to get under way Thursday after-noon but declined for security reasons to say who would lead the

Perez de Cuellar said he would stay as long as he could for the opening talks and that he might name a deputy to lead the negotiations. Asked when he expected a comprehensive settlement to be achieved, he said this was a

prisoners of war. The PoWs totalled more than 80,000.

"I expect great cooperation from both sides," he added.

Whitehead, said the source, quoted by the AP.

the source added. Israeli embassy spokesman Yossi Gal confirmed that Eran had met with Whitehead, but declined to discuss the contents of the meeting. The State Depart-

two men talked about.

U.S. aides visit W. Bank said they are determined to "get both sides of the story" visited Bethlehem Tuesday on the first such tour sponsored by an Arab-

Arab-American Anti-Discrimina-

A Lloyds of London underwriter said in March 1986 that 74 ships had been trapped by the war in another nearby Gulf

lraq border. The Ibn Haytham has been

According to Lloyd's, there

were nine vessels trapped at Khor Zubair, nine at the adjacent

years of being caught in the crossfire of the war. The condition of other vessels remains unknown. It had also been believed that

left from Khor Zubair. Lloyds underwriter Mark

Shipping operators say if major dredging is not required, the ships may soon be able to leave the waterway.

But they estimate that it may

GENEVA (R) — Cyprus President George Vassiliou said his

aim was "peace next year" as he met United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar Tuesday to discuss reviving talks on unifying the Mediterranean Perez de Cuellar held 40-mi-

of northern Cyprus. Vassiliou, asked by reporters whether he thought peace could be achieved within a year, as targeted by the U.N., replied:

Perez de Cuellar will host a

Cyprus was divided in 1974

being replaced.

that have been suspended in the past, primarily things like port calls, number of sorties flown off the carriers, a few of those kinds of things are being changed to reflect a more relaxed atmosphere following the ceasefire," Fitzwater said.

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ARAMEX....

They wanted to express their displeasure with the expulsions," Moving ? Let Aramex Air Cargo take care of the works, Door to Door. ment also refused to say what the

U.S. congressional aides who American group.

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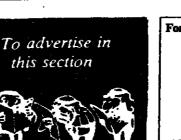
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AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Tuesday rates Local sell/buy rates in fils

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on

the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

1.6845/55

1.9050/57

2.1510/20

1.6027/37

39.92/95

6.4620/50

1410/1411

133.82/92

6.5200/50

6.6900/50

7.2910/60

636321

663186

660151

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

Activity on the Amman Financial Market for August 23, 1988.

433.05/433.55

JORDAN BUSINESS DIRECTORY

1.2295/2305

One Sterling

One U.S. dollar

One ounce of gold

Ministry of Supply Ministry of Finance

Ministry of Planning

Jordan Industrial Estates

Corporation

Regular market:

Arab Bank Ltd.

Parallel market:

Development bonds:

and Housing

Industries

Top three companies:

Jordan Brick and Lime

Darco for Investment

finistry of Industry and Trade 663191

Amman Customs Department 772181 Social Security Corporation 643000

98.0

1365.0/ 1375.0

. 1030.0/ 1040.0

106.5/ 106.0/

U.S. dollar

Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks:

Dutch guilders

Beigian francs

French francs

Japanese yen

Swedish crowns

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

Jordan Commercial Centres

Amman Chamber of Industry 644747 Association of Banks in Jordan 662258

Jordan Association of Insurance

532194 JD 306831

325400 JD 73795

43071 JD 22030

5250

230 JD. 26102

120

19

53

Norwegian crowns

Italian lire

Swiss francs

279.50/ 282.30

.. 57.407 .58.00 232.907 235.20

Moneychangers see negative impact

CBJ pursues strict enforcement of foreign exchange regulations

By Salameh B. Ne'matt Jordan Times Economics Correspondent

AMMAN — The Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) Tuesday appeared determined to enforce foreign exchange regulations issued in June while moneychangers appealed for a freeze on these measures and warned that such restrictions could create a black market.

The regulations, issued by the Economic Security Committee. banned exchange houses from opening foreign accounts and limited their work to trading in banknotes. Moneychangers say that these measures, if implemented, could, on average, reduce the volume of their operations by 75 to 85 per cent.

"This is a disaster," one moneychanger told the Jordan Times. "We may as well close down and go home." He argued that now that the exchange market is stable, these measures have become unnecessary.

The committee's decision to tighten foreign exchange regulations on banks, financial institutions and exchange houses, came in the wake of shortages in Central Bank foreign currency reserves and reports of capital flight after two flurries in the domestic exchange market May 2 and June 2 that put pressure on the Jordan

The CBJ Monday gave exchange houses two weeks to close down their accounts abroad and to refrain from dealing with money transfers. The June 22 regulations were originally supposed to be enforced within one banks were complying with CBJ

month, but until Monday, the CBJ appeared to be reconsidering the instructions after stability

change market. The ultimatum issued at a meeting chaired by CBJ Governor Hussein Qasem and attended by CBJ Deputy Governor Maher Shukri, confirmed that the government was determined to enforce the new foreign exchange instructions.

was restored to the local ex-

Moneychangers earlier appealed to the prime minister to reconsider the new measures which they said harshly affected nearly 200 exchange houses.

Press reports said moneychangers were taking part in speculation on foreign currencies, particularly the Iraqi dinar, in the wake of the Gulf war ceasefire and the Lebanese pound on the eve of presidential elections believed to eventually boost the national economy and the Lebanese lira.

Economists argue that such speculation put pressure on the Jordanian dinar but moneychangers assert that trading in these currencies remained negligible. Economics columnist Fahed Fanek contended that while

regulations limiting capital flight, moneychangers were left to take over such "smuggling" of the Kingdom's private reserves of

foreign currency.

The CBJ's rules limited money transfers to other countries to "legitimate" purposes, putting a ceiling of JD 5,000 a year for each individual.

The other side

Moneychangers claimed that regulations imposed on the local exchange market harmed the national economy and inhibited the inflow of money into the Kingdom. They said that following recent measures, remittances from Jordanian expatriates declined while capital flight increased.

"People feel simply uneasy with regulations," Ghazi Saudi commented. He said the new regulations "represented a 180degree shift from the policy of

"It is very strange that at a time when the government lifts protectionism and liberalises the market, the Central Bank goes in the opposite direction," Saudi told the Jordan Times. "It is as if the Central Bank is going east while the government goes west."

Speaking on behalf of a group representing moneychangers, he said that "such a sensitive decision" should not be taken lightly. He warned that the moment the CBJ measures were implemented in exchange houses, "they will be creating a black market."

ists. Most recessions in this coun-

try are brought on by a credit

squeeze. While the central bank

doesn't set out to create a down-

turn, it often finds it difficult to

walk the fine line between

dampening demand to cool infla-

tionary pressures and tightening

so much that a new recession is

the economy has proven very

difficult to manage in the past.

Company of Chicago.

the end of next year.

said Robert Dederick, chief eco-

nomist for the Northern Trust

current expansion, now in its

peacetime record 69th month.

would head into a new slump by

Economists at the New York

Dederick said he believed the

The famous soft-landing for



Hussein Al Qasem

cited Syria and Iraq as examples, saying that "there are a million ways for people to smuggle their money outside. There is nothing that can be done about it. It will only make it more costly, but it will not stop it."

Saudi said that the improving regional climate with an apparent end to the Gulf war "should make us reconsider restrictive measures. There is no actual need for these measures at a time when pressures are easing and things look promising on the eastern

He was referring to an ex-pected boom in trade with Iraq in the wake of a Gulf peace which he argued would also make it easier for Baghdad to repay its JD 225 million debt to Jordan and boost the country's foreign currency reserves.

In a related development, Iraqi Ministry of Trade Under-Secretary Dr. Qubais Abdul Fattah was expected to arrive here Tuesday for talks with Jordanian officials on ways to finance Jordanian industrial exports to Iraq that exceeded the annual ceiling established by a bilateral trade agreement.

Industry and Trade Minister Hamdi Tabbaa told the Jordan Times last week that he was optimistic that a settlement would He argued that "no regulations be reached with the Iraqi governcould stop capital flight." He ment on the export problem.

David Wyss, an economist with

Data Resources Incorporated.

said next spring would mark the

start of the danger period for the

economy, given the six- to nine-

month lag between increases in

interest rates and their greatest

will be able to avoid a recession

next year and just have a slow-

down, but the risk of a recession

is certainly there if the federal

reserve gets carried away with

ening so far should not cause any

appreciable slowdown before the

presidential election, good news

for Republican presidential

candidate George Bush. He

hopes continued signs of prosper-

ity will translate into votes to help

him in his race against Democrat

Economists say the credit tight-

"We are forecasting that we

impact on borrowing.

tightening," he said.

their toll.

Moves underway for 'Jordanian Day' inRome

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Federation of Jordanian Chambers of Commerce is preparing for a "Jordanian Day" in Rome to promote the sale of Jordanian products in Italian markets and encourage Italian investments in the Kingdom, according to a report in the Arabic daily Al Dus-

The paper said a meeting was held at the federation's headquarters in Amman to discuss the main outlines of the project, which is expected to pave the way for greater economic cooperation between Jordan and Italy.

The paper said Minister of Industry and Trade Hamdi Tabbaa would lead a Jordanian delegation to the "Jordanian Day" event and would explain incentives offered by Jordan to encourage investments and privileges enjoyed by industrial units in the Kingdom. The delegation will include representatives from the Ministry of Tourism, who will help market Jordan's archaeological and tourist sites in Italy, it

Jordan plans trade fairs in Morocco, Egypt

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordanian Commercial Centres Corporation (JCCC) plans to organise trade fairs in Morocco and Egypt and to participate in the Berlin International Fair

A JCCC spokesman said Tuesday the corporation was now preparing for the Morocco fair, which is due to open on Sept. 1 in Casabianca. A large number of

part in the 10-day fair, according to the spokesman.

He said Jordan's products to be displayed at the fair would include pharmaceutical, chemicals, engineering metal and wood products and building materials.

According to the spokesman, the Cairo fair will be held in December and Jordanian merchants will be allowed to sell \$2 million worth of products directly Jordanian companies will take to the public during the event.

Gulf Air to acquire 4 more Boeing 767s

ABU DHABI (J.T.) — Gulf Air be carried out gradually with the board of directors met in Abu replacement of Tristars and is board of directors met in Abu Dhabi last week to discuss the company's strategy plans related to fleet expansion marketing and planning.

The meeting was chaired by Sheikh Hamoud Ibn Abdullah Al Harthy, Oman's minister of communications.

The board approved a proposal to add four more Boeing 767-300ER aircraft, bringing a total of six B767-300ER by mid-1989. This is in line with the airline's plans to modernise its current fleet of Boeing 737 and Tristar, a

Gulf Air communique said. The fleet renewal project will

expected to be completed by the end of 1995.

The one-day board meeting also approved three strategy plans to be implemented in the next 15 years covering expansion in marketing planning and fleet renewai.

They will include new destinations and markets that Gulf Air can reach.

The board of directors have asked the company management to prepare and present these implementation plans at the board's next meeting in Muscat in De-

France eases Iran oil embargo

PARIS (Agencies) — France said Tuesday it has decided to ease an 13-month embargo on Iranian oil imports.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman said a decision to permit some imports of Iran's oil affected only barter deals between French and Iranian firms. It did not cover casis sales by Iran.

France halted all imports of Iranian oil when it broke off diplomatic relations with Iran in July 1987. Ties were restored in

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The June decision honoured a commitment by the former centre-right government of Jacques Chirac after Iran helped to negotiate the release of the last three French hostages in Lebanon. France earlier broke relations

with Iran when a translator at Iran's embassy in Paris refused to be questioned in court about several Paris bombings in 1986. Relations improved last year leading to the release on May 4 of

three French hostages held by pro-Iranian groups in Lebanon. In July, an Iranian delegation visiting Paris suggested a partial lifting of the oil embargo and a barter arrangement that would allow Tehran to trade oil for

sugar, cereals and meat. The French government requested that domestic oil companies stop importing Iranian oil in August of 1987 after the break in diplomatic relations.

In 1986, prior to the embargo, French imports of crude oil from Iran totalled 4.4 million metric tons, or 6.6 per cent of France's total foreign purchases of oil and 6.4 per cent of Iran's crude oil

Treasury bills & bonds: Other debentures:

SYDNEY - Stock prices moved sharply lower in late trading in increased nervousness ahead of the federal budget. The All Ordinaries Index closed down 14.9 at 1,629.9. TOKYO - Prices closed lower with no fresh bullish news and a

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

number of concerns paralysing the market and keeping it down. The Nikkei Index fell 159.23 to 27,919.95. HONG KONG — Prices finished lower after a day of nervous trading following Wall Street's weak performance. The Hang Seng Index lost 32.01 to 2,532.13.

SINGAPORE -- Prices were moderately lower over a broad front

in quiet trading in response to Wall Street's fall. The Straits Times Industrial Index fell 8.71 to 1,067.02. BOMBAY — Prices fell on heavy profit-taking after a week-long

rally fuelled by state-owned institutions.

FRANKFURT - Shares fell across the board in listless trade. The market was demoralised by Wall Street's weakness and lingering worries about German interest rates. The Real-Time Dax 30-share fell 12.2 to 1,155,87.

ZURICH - The market followed Wall Street's negative trend and closed lower across the board after moderate trading. The All-Share Swiss Index dropped 6.9 to 893.8.

PARIS - The market was quiet on the last day of the August account, with investors uncertain over interest rates and the dollar. The 50-share bourse indicator showed a 1.24 per cent.

LONDON — Prices recovered slightly from midday lows but dealers said investors were very nervous in view of Wall Street's shaky opening. At 1430 GMT the FTSE 100 share index was down 16.5 at 1,815.8.

NEW YORK -- Prices were mixed, with investors uncertain over the market's near-term direction. Early gains were erased by futures' related and technical selling. The Dow was up seven at

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turn sour next year U.S. economy may loss of export momentum take That is what worries econom-

WASHINGTON (AP) — The U.S. economy is expected to remain buoyant through the Nov. 8 presidential election, but inflation and rising interest rates could push the country into recession as early as next spring, some economists warn.

A few analysts are forecasting a downturn for next year, and many who aren't say it will take luck to avoid a recession.

Ironically, one of the things that has them worried is that economic growth has been so robust lately. A boom in U.S. export sales has helped push the nation's unemployment rate down to 14-years lows.

The gross national product (GNP) expanded at an annual rate of 3.1 per cent during the

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first six months of the year and there are indications that the economy may be growing even faster in the current July-September quarter.

This rapid growth in demand is beginning to push up against supply restraints because of tight labour markets and high operating rates in many industries.

This often translates into rising inflationary pressures as workers demand higher wages and businesses boost product prices.

To nip inflation before it gets out of hand, the Federal Reserve since late March has pushed up interest rates in dampen demand. Earlier this month, it boosted its discount rate one-half percentage point to 6.5 per cent.

An increase in the discount rate is the most dramatic signal the central bank can send of its inflation-fighting intentions.

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investment firm of Merrill Lynch said in their latest forecast that

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growth could stall by next summer as higher interest rates and a Michael Dukakis. WE HAVE THE

triggered.

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accs 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 19:30

PLAZA ASSASSINS

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Lendi retains No. 1 position

ARLINGTON, Texas (AP) - Ivan Lendi retained his No. 1 men's tennis ranking Monday, but second-ranked Mats Wilander has cut Lendl's lead to its smallest margin in three years. With his victory at the Association of Tennis Professionals (ATP) Championship Sunday, Wilander increased his computer average from 131.84 to 147.53. Lendl leads with a 155.00 average. That is the closest margin since Lendl took over the No. 1 spot on Sept. 9, 1985. If Lendi remains No. 1 until Oct. 3, he will break the record of 159 straight weeks as the top-ranked player set by Jimmy Connors from 1974 to 1977.

Moran signs for Sporting Gijon

MANCHESTER, England (R) — Manchester United's Irish international defender Kevin Moran said Monday he had agreed to join Spanish first division club Sporting Gijon on a free transfer. Moran, 32, who was been at United for 10 years, said he had signed a two-year contract. "The offer from Gijon was far too good to turn down and the chance of a new start abroad was a big challenge to me," he said.

Zimbabwe names Olympic squad

HARARE (R) -- Zimbabwe has named a 30-strong squad for the Seoul Olympics to compete in archery, athletics, boxing, cycling, diving, judo, shooting, swimming, tennis and yachting. The selections were announced Monday night by Zimbabwe Olympic Committee chairman Tommy Sithole who said competitors eliminated early would return home to save money and to preserve morale of the remaining team members. The seven-man athletics squad, the biggest single group, includes Melford Homela who won a bronze medal in the men's 800 metres at last month's World Junior Championships in Canada, and Fabian Muyaba, a finalist in the men's 100 metres at the same

Trainers move to ban coaches from bench

PARIS (R) - French professional soccer trainers have started a campaign to have foreign coaches without the required qualifications removed from the bench during matches. The Union of First and Second Division Trainers (Unecatef) announced after meeting in Paris Monday that they would ask the national soccer federation and the league to ban coaches without an approved training licence from the touchline. The five foreign trainers who would be affected include three Yugoslavs - Tomislav Ivic of league leaders Paris Saint-Germain, Miroslav Blazevic of Nantes

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN v. 1987 Tribune Media Services, Inc.

TWO BOUTS OF BIDDING

other strain.

possibly make 12, especially in an-

The play went as if glass cards

were in use. Sitting South was Sylvia

Hazen, wife of our legal adviser.

Lesser mortals might have tried the

trump finesse, and gone down as the

cards lay. Sylvia ruffed the opening

heart lead, then spurned the trump

finesse in favor of crossing to the

ace of clubs and ruffing another

heart. Since an entry was urgently

needed for another heart ruff, de-

clarer overtook the queen of spades

with the king then ruffed the last

Spades had to be stripped to com

plete the end play, but declarer

could not afford another ruff. Since

the spade length was marked with

West, declarer cashed the ace of

nine. East refused to ruff this as well

as the fourth spade, but she was only postponing the evil moment. A

trump to the king left East on play

when she held nothing but red

cards. A heart return would allow

declarer to ruff while discarding a

losing diamond from dummy; a dia-

mond would be away from the king

into declarer's combined ace-queen

tenace. Either way, the slam would

By Harris

spades, then boldly finessed the

North-South vulnerable. South that anyone who contracted originally for only 10 tricks could not

NORTH **4 KJ98** ₹974 EAST

& K 9 SOUTH ♣ A Q 4 ♥ Void

4 Q 10 7 6 5 3 The bidding: North South

1 + West Dы 4 ° Pass 5 ° Pass 6 4 Dbl DЫ Pass

Opening lead: King of \heartsuit Most games have rounds of bidding. The auction shown is as it occurred at the table, and consists of two distinct bouts

The first should have ended with four spades, except that West elected to double. That brought everybout concluded with North-South landing in six clubs. West upped the ante again, probably on the theory

the better Half,

team trainer Henri Michel, Ironically, though the campaign is clearly directed against the growing trend of French clubs to employ foreign coaches, three Frenchmen could also find themselves excluded from the trainers' benches. Rolland Courbis of Toulon, Gerard Gili of Marseille and Jean Fernandez of Cannes all lack the necessary training diplomas.

Federation to discuss Kasparov-Karpov issue

and Nenad Bjekovic of Nice. Artur Jorge, the Portuguese trainer of Matra Racing, and Belgian Georges Heylens of Lilie could also become victims of the move which has the support of national

MOSCOW (R) - The praesidium of the Soviet Chess Federation will meet soon to decide whether a play-off for the Soviet title will take place between the holder Garry Kasparov and Anatoly Karpov, TASS said Monday. A meeting of the praesidium Monday failed to agree on whether the four-game match would take place after objections from Karpov, who lost the World Championship to Kasparov in 1985, over arrangements for the contest. The play-off had been due to start on Monday after Kasparov and Karpov tied 11.5-11.5 last week in the Soviet Chess Championship tournament that began in late July. At a news conference Friday, Karpov said he might refuse to compete because of a clause obliging the players to continue playing for a sudden-death result in the event of a 2-2 draw in the four-game match. "It seems that Karpov will not play," an official of the state sports committee's chess section told Reuters. "He is demanding a rest." Personality clashes have marked the intense Karpov-Kasparov rivalry since the two first met over a chessboard. They have competed against each other 130 times, but the Moscow tournament was their first contest for the Soviet title.

Japan wins junior volleyball championship

JAKARTA, Indonesia (AP) - Japan beat South Korea and China in the finals to capture both the boys' and girls' Asian Junior Volleyball Championship Monday. In the boys' division, Japan unseated defending champion South Korea by winning the final game 15-12, 15-9, 14-16, 15-10. Japan won the girls' final after defeating China 15-12, 15-5, 6-15, 15-6. Seventeen boys' teams and 10 girls' teams participated in the tournament which started Aug. 12. The championship is also a qualification round for the World Junior Championships next year. The three best teams from both events, excluding the South Korean boys' team will represent Asia in the World Boys' Championships in Greece and the Girls' Championships in Peru next year. All players are age 19 or younger.

Sanchez beats Durie in Jersey Bank tennis

MAHWAH, New Jersey (AP) - Sixteen-year-old Arantxa Sanchez of Spain beat former tournament champion Jo Durie 6-2, 6-2, Monday to advance to the second round of the \$200,000 United Jersey Bank Classic. Sanchez is to face top-ranked Steffi Graf, the 1986 tournament champion, Tuesday night in the tournament at Ramapo college. "I'm learning more in every match," Sanchez said. "I'm looking forward to facing Graf," she said. Sanchez, ranked 21st in the world, jumped to a 4-1 lead in the first set Monday, but Durie, of England, broke serve in the sixth game before the teenager won eight of the last 10 points to win the opening set. She jumped to a 4-0 lead in the second set and coasted to victory.

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 24, 1988

YOUR HOROSCOPE

by Thomas Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You would be wise to concentrate on the business and practical aspects of your alfairs so you can increase your income. Don't be upset if your evening anticipation.
ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Get

involved in practical activities. show perseverence, and get good results. A morning discussion can bring you valuable cooperation.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20; Take beauty and health treatments that can make you look and feel great. Make plans to see your friends tonight, and have fun.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Consult an expert who can help you

Consult an expert who can help you become more prosperous in the future. Don't be forceful with anyone, or you could get in trouble. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) A project you may start today appears promising, but in the long run it could bring you a big

loss, so study it further LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Be mindful of all the details connected with your most important activities, and get the results you want. Plan a party for the coming weekend. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Make plans wisely so you can enjoy

DOWN

3 Move

5 Playgrou

8 Cont. 9 Range 10 Rind

the second second second

items 6 Russ. saint 7 Offensive

the recreations you like much more in the days shead. Listen to what your mate wants, and try to please. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) If a family member irks you, try to con-

The morning can be happy, especially if friends drop by. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You have the ability to make constructive plans and then follow them through. Discuss your goals with the people you see daily. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec.

21) You can handle business activities well but need to do them more carefully. Stop taking yourself so seriously, and enjoy life more. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Concentrate on exactly how you want your life to be in the future, and start working in that direction. Don't upset your friends. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)

You think you've solved a personal worry, but look out for some new aspect that may come up. Handle an annoying job carefully. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Get

suggestions from an elder or an ex-pert on how to achieve your greatest wishes, and be sure to follow the sovice later.

Baseball Standings

NEW YORK (AP) - Major league base standings after Monday's games

East Division

	₩	L	Pet.	GB
Detroit	73	51	.589	_
Boston	70	54	.565	3
New York	66	56	.541	6
Milwaukse	64	63	.504	101/2
Toronto	62	63	.496	111/2
Cleveland	59	66	.472	141/2
Battimore	42	82	.339	31
West	Dir	visio	on	

62 63 .496 161/2 56 67 .455 211/2 Chicago 54 71 .432 24% 51 75 .405 28

Texas

79 47 .627

70 54 .565 8 64 60 .516 14

New York	72	52	.581	
Pittsburgh	88	57	.544	41/2
Montreal	63	61	.508	9
Chicago	63	62	492	11
St. Louis	55	69	444	17
Pritadelpha	52	72	.419	20

East Division

West Division

Los Angeles	72	52	.581	_
Houston	68	57	.544	41/2
San Francisco	68	57	.544	41/2
Cincinnati	63	60	.512	81/2
San Diego	60	64	484	12
Atlanta	43	81	.347	29

Olympia prepares for torch ceremony

OLYMPIA, Greece (R) - A high priestess and her acolytes practised flame lighting here in preparation for Tuesday's ceremony that will start the Olympic torch on a 25-day journey to Seoul for the opening of the 24th Summer Games.

The flame will be lit from the sun's rays at the sanctuary of Zeus amongst the ancient ruins of Olympia — the birthplace of the Olympics — set in a green valley of the Peloponnese in southwestern Greece.

A high priestess, in reality a Greek actress, will light the torch in a concave mirror reflecting the bot summer sun.

After being carried the length of the original Olympic stadium, with its grass covered banks for spectators, the torch and an olive first numer.

It will then be carried 358 kms by 352 runners through the Greek countryside and then 22 kms on a replica of an ancient Trireme warship to Athens where it will arrive the following day.

On Thursday the torch will be handed over to Seoul Mayor Kim Yong-Rae for the 30-hour chartered flight to the semi-tropical island of Cheju at the southernmost tip of South Korea.

The torch will then go to the port city of Pusan before being taken North on a 22-day, 4,186 km relay to Seoul carried by 20,972 runners.

Liverpool line-up dazzles rivals as new season looms

LONDON (R) - Kenny Dalglish is pondering a line-up which would have Liverpool's rivals quaking in their football boots even before the new English season has begun — a four-man attack featuring both Ian Rush and John Aldridge.

With England internationals offices after the announcement of Peter Beardsley and John Barnes Rush's return — may have to wait bringing the forward line's total worth to a staggering £6.5 million (\$11 million), the reigning champions' hopes of winning their 10th league title in 14 seasons are

understandably high. Dalglish, spoilt for choice and the envy of most of his fellowmanagers in the first division, had considered dropping Aldridge for Welshman Rush, making a sudden return after a year in Italy with Juventus.

But Aldridge's two goals in Liverpool's Charity Shield victory over F.A. Cup holders Wimbledon last Saturday have made him think again.

"Rush and Aldridge have played together before and they play-ed well." Dalglish said. "There are a lot of people who would like to try that again."

But the fans on Liverpool's famous KOP terraces - who besieged the club's season ticket

to see their hero.

Liverpool kick off the season Saturday away at London club Charlton and there is no guarantee that Rush, who has been suffering from a virus, will be fit to play for a week or two.

"We are still waiting for his international clearance from Italy and we've got to take a look at his fitness," said Dalglish whose side will set out to beat last season's record-equalling start of 29 matches without defeat.

But those determined to prevent another Liverpool walkover the northern club lost only two of their 40 matches last year have also been out shopping over the summer break.

Twenty million pounds (\$33.6 million) have been spent, with six players, apart from Rush, changing hands at one million pounds (\$1.68 million) or more.

Tottenham also reported a rush year.

for season tickets after buying talented midfielder Paul Gas-coigne from Newcastle for £2.2 million (\$3.7 million) and expect a big crowd for their opening tie

at home against Coventry.

Everton, disappointed with fourth place last season after win-ning the championship in 1985 and 1987, paid £2.5 million (\$4.2 million) for West Ham and Eng-land striker Tony Cottee in a bid to step up their local feud with

Liverpool. The two clubs have kept the league trophy in the city of Liverpool for seven years running.

Manchester United, runnersup last year, have brought Mark Hughes home from Barcelona to help them chase their first title since 1967. They open at home to Queen's Park Rangers.

But United captain Bryan Robson starts the season with personal problems - he has been summoned to appear in court on a drunken driving charge next month.

Other clubs have worries of their own. Wimbledon are on three months' probation, under threat of further fines by the Football Association (F.A.), after a poor disciplinary record last

Coe's Olympic hopes still alive

LONDON (AP) — It could never happen to just an ordinary Olympic athlete.

But in the eyes of the man who runs the world's most famous international sports festival, Sebastian Coe is no ordinary competitor. Two weeks after Coe per-

formed disastrously in the British Olympic trials and appeared to bring down the curtain on his illustrious running career, International Olympic Committee (IOC) president Juan Antonio Samaranch is waging a personal campaign to allow the two-time 1,500-metre champion to defend his title in Seoul. A record 161 nations are to take part in the Olympics.

Samaranch wants Coe in Seoul, even if it means slightly bending According to British news re-

ports; Samaranch is considering a unique "wild card" invitation that would allow 31-year-old Coe to compete at next month's games.

The move came two days after British track chiefs "politely but firmly" rejected an unprecedented plea by Samaranch to select Coe, who was omitted from the country's Olympic roster after a dismal performance in the national trials.

Samaranch made a plea for Coe's inclusion in a letter to the British Amateur Athletic Board (BAAB), describing him_as "great Olympic champion." The athletic board described the request as extraordinary and said it could not find room for the middle-distance star.

But the board also informed Samaranch that it would not be opposed to Coe getting a backdoor, wild card entry by the IOC, allowing him to seek a record third straight 1,500-metre Olym-

British Olympic Association chairman Charles Palmer confirmed reports that Coe, who is currently suffering from a virus, might get to participate in the

Olympics at Seoul. Asked to guess whether Coe would end up going to Seoul, Palmer said: "I'm not a gambling man, but if I had to bet, I'd say

Palmer said Samaranch was "quietly optimistic" that a place could be found for Coe. His 800-metre world record set in 1981 still stands.

The bypassing of Coe caused an outcry here following the British trials two weeks ago, where he finished fourth in his 1,500-metre heat, failed to make the final, and then skipped the 800-metre

The British board council decided, reportedly by one vote, to leave Coe out of the team and

allow Peter Ellion to run in both events in Seoul, a move that appeared to signal the end of Coe's sparkling international career that has reaped 12 world

Coe, who withdrew from a low-key domestic meet over the weekend because of illness, was quoted as saying he was honoured by the intervention of Samaranch, reported to be vacationing in Spain.

"I'm obviously honoured that the president of the IOC has decided to write a letter of such substance," Coe said. "I think it's always been a concern of the IOC that we have the traditions and the history of the Olympic games and we remember there are champions around and that it's always nice to see them competing.

Coe, who has not raced internationally since the trials, is expected to make his next appearance at the Mobil-IAAF Grand Prix final in West Berlin Friday.

Johnson returns home to rethink plans for Seoul

COLOGNE, West Germany (R) - World record holder Ben Johnson, his hopes of winning the Olympic 100 metres gold medal shattered by two defeats in five days, returned home to Canada Monday to rethink his plans for

"I've got four weeks, I've got to sit down and think and plan," Johnson said after finishing a humiliating third in the 100 metres at Sunday's Cologne Athletics Grand Prix.

Johnson had intended to compete in the Grand Prix finale in West Berlin Friday, but he scrapped those plans. "We're out of

here," his coach George Francis confirmed, shaking his head in frustration at his charge's poor

Johnson admitted that his recent schedule after coming back from injury had not given him the same amount of time to recover between races as in 1987 when he smashed the world record at the

World Championships in Rome. "We didn't have much time to rest," he said. "Last year we had much more time to rest."

Johnson tore his left hamstring in Tokyo on May 13 and missed a lot of all-important early season

Peanuts







Mutt'n' Jeff

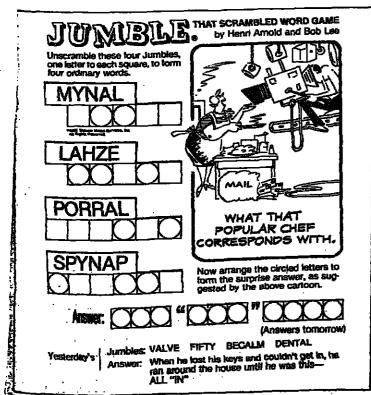


Andy Capp









"I'm too tired to sleep! Could you do it for me?'



Govt. org.
Eng. county
Old woman
Expectations
Pub quafts
Zodiac

40 Tine 43 High interest leader

Bloke Tops

author Obtains

South Africa signs truce accord with Cuba, Angola

RUACANA, Namibia (Agencies) - South Africa Monday formally signed a ceasefire accord with a combined Cuban and Angolan delegation agreeing to end hostilities in the 13-year-old Angolan civil

South African military base near the northern Namibian town of Ruacana about 200 metres from the Angolan border, provides for the establishment of a joint monitoring committee to oversee the

"This is a memorable day to-wards the establishment of peace and stability in this region," said Major General Willie Meyer, the officer heading the South African

delegation. The accord follows a series of meetings last week between highranking South African, Angolan and Cuban officers and provides for the withdrawal of South Afri-

The agreement, signed at can troops from Angola by Sept.

The deal, drafted in Geneva last month, is stil incomplete but envisages the eventual withdrawal of Cuba's estimated 50,000 troops from Angola.

It also stipulates that South Africa should end its 70-year-old rule of Namibia and allow the United Nations to guide the territory towards independence from

These proposals will be discussed further later this week when the three countries meet for the next round of peace talks in the

Congolese capital of Brazzaville. The ceasefire agreement. drawn up in English, Spanish and Portuguese, was signed by Meyer as well as the commander-in-chief of the combined Cuban and Angolan forces, General Leopoldo Cintras Frias of Cuba, and Colonel Antonio Jose Maria,

head of the Angolan delegation. Jose Maria described the accord as a practical expression by all the parties of a desire for a

just and dignified peace. Frias said the negotiations had taken place in an atmosphere of respect and responsibility.

The delegates said in a statement that the joint monitoring committee would supervise and determine the rules for the ceasefire and decide on action to be taken in the case of violations.

They said 11 monitoring posts manned by South African and Angolan troops would be established along the border and the joint monitoring committee Angolan rebels.

would meet on alternate days in Angola and Namibia from Aug.

The negotiations did not include the South African and U.S.-supported guerrilla organisation UNITA. UNITA — the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola - has vowed to keep fighting against the Angolan government until it agrees to negotiations.

Angola has said it will not negotiate with UNITA, which seeks to share power in the African nation following its failure to gain control of the government upon independence from Portugal in 1975.

The Cuban troops entered Angola to join government forces in fighting iocal guerrillas and help defend against South African incursions from Namibia and raids by South African-supported

Japan to

continue

defence

buildup

TOKYO (AP) — In the face of

a continuing Soviet military

buildup in the Far East, Japan

will continue a five-year de-

fence expansion programme, the defence agency said

The decision is likely to keep

Japan's military spending

above 1 per cent of its gross

national product, a 1976 de-

fence spending ceiling abandoned last year by the govern-

The budget for defence-re-

lated expenses for the current

fiscal year is 3.7 trillion yen

(\$28 billion), an estimated

1.013 per cent of Japan's GNP.

Defence spending is a sensi-

tive issue in Japan, where anti-

military sentiment has been

strong since the militarism of

World War II. The constitu-

tion renounces war.
Other Asian nations such as

South Korea, China, and In-

donesia have objected to

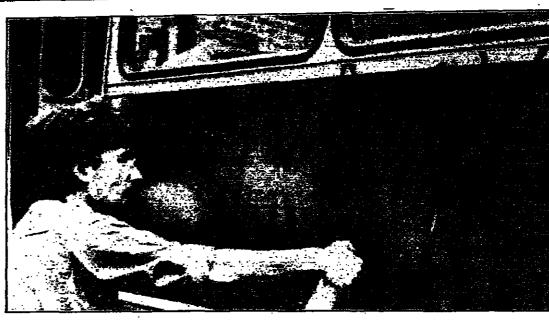
Japan's increased military

spending, accusing Japan of

trying to once again become a

Tuesday.

ment.



Angele Barbaraburu, a Burundi refugee, is shown after receiving neck wounds during tribal mas-sacres in Burundi. Barbaraburu said Burundi

nine children aged one to 15 with bayonets after forcing them to lie on the ground.

Warsaw imposes curfews on 3 striking provinces

WARSAW (AP) — Saying labour unrest forebodes anarchy, authorities Tuesday announced measures to prevent damage to major factories and imposed a curfew in the city at the centre of

a series of coal mine strikes. Officials also confirmed a brief work stoppage in one department of the Nowa Huta steel mill outside Krakow.

The state-run news agency PAP reported that some workers declared new strikes at two more coal mines Monday night. PAP also said workers voluntarily ended a strike Tuesday at a railroad car factory in Wroclaw.

Partial streetcar traffic resumed in the city of Szczecin Tuesday after police dislodged strikers from depots Monday

night, according to PAP, but buses were still affected by a strike. Interior Minister Czeslaw Kisz-

czak cited 20 illegal strikes in announcing that law enforcement forces would secure major industrial plants. He also said he had authorised curfews in the Katowice. Szczecin and Gdansk pro-

Katowice provincial spokes-man Ryszard Gil said Tuesday that a curfew would be in effect between 11 p.m. and 5 a.m. in Jastrzebie, site of the first coal mine strike a week ago and headquarters of the inter-mine strike committee.

Meanwhile, Zygmunt Lenyk, kow, reported that Solidarity Un- the witnesses said.

ion activists at the Nowa Huta Steel mill launched a strike in one department of the mill Tuesday

A deputy director of the plant, scene of a major strike in May. dozens of officers patrolled the streets Tuesday.

Witnesses in Krakow saw four columns of army and police vehicles left the city for Katowice, the capital of the strikebound Silesia coal region. Two of the columns consisted of over 70 vehicles, including four water cannons and an opposition spokesman in Kra- 10 truckloads of armed soldiers.

Jerzy Kanapik, said there were brief stoppages in one depart-ment but said the plant was operating fully. Outside the plant, the

Burmese army stands

One banner strung across a street in central Rangoon said; "This is the answer to the govern-

back as masses protest corners looking extremely jittery They said 200,000 marched and demonstrated in the northern city

RANGOON (R) - More than half a million people demanding 'nothing but democracy' thronged Burma's main cities Tuesday as the security forces withdrew behind barricades.

Diplomats and residents contacted from Bangkok said more than 100,000 people chanting slogans, raising their fists and waving defiant banners flowed embassies, government offices through the centre of Rangoon. the capital.

of Mandalay and the same number in Tavoy, in the south, to press for the end of 26 years of one-party Socialist rule.

Diplomats said the number of troops had been sharply reduced in central Rangoon, with armed soldiers only at key points such as and the city hall.

facing demonstrators behind barbed wire barricades," one Western diplomat said.

ment's call for public opinion." Maung Maung, the former justice minister appointed chairman of the ruling Burma Socialist Programme Party (BSPP) Friday "They're standing on street set up a special committee

Bush increases lead

In the poll results released Monday, half the respondents in the CBS news survey said they did not believe that Bush's running mate, Senator Dan Quayle, has the experience to be a good president. Another 28 per cent were unsure. Thirty-nine per cent said they wished Bush chose

The poll of 1,221 registered presidential candidate Michael Dukakis by 46 per cent to 40 per cent. Early this month, after the Democratic national convention,

wide poll said the Republican closing of the Republican conven-National Covention has boosted tion in New Orleans last Thurs-Vice President George Bush to a day. The poll was conducted Friday through Sunday.

The six-point spread in the race was just within the CBS news poll's margin of error of plus or minus three points. But several recent polls have shown Bush gaining and Dukakis falling from his post-Democratic convention lead. In a Gallup Poll last weekend, the Republican ticket led by nine points, 51 to 42 per

Voters in the CBS news polls

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

Romania wants U.N. debate on racism

UNITED NATIONS (R) - Romania wants the General Assembly to discuss banning nationalistic or racist demonstrations in member states, and environmental issues such as the dumping of hazardous wastes in other countries. In separate letters to Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar published Monday, it proposed these two items be added to the agenda of the general assembly session that opens Sept. 20. One letter referred to the "responsibility of states to ban nationalistic, chauvinistic, racist or anti-semitic demonstrations in their territory," and to refrain from instigating or supporting such acts in other countries.

B-1B to cost \$8 billion more

WASHINGTON (R) - America's troubled B-1B bomber may require \$8 billion in improvements to boost its ability to carry nuclear weapons deep into the Soviet Union, a Congressional report said Monday. The Congressional Budget Office (CBO) told the House Armed Services Committee lawmakers will have to decide in the next few years whether to spend substantial additional funds on the strategic swept-wing bomber. The B-1B, built by Rockwell International Corporation, was designed for tree-level penetration missions. But the air force has admitted its electronic counter-measures system may not be able to jam and confuse Soviet radar.

Ortega rules out politics debate

MANAGUA (R) - President Daniel Ortega Monday said Nicaragua's internal politics were its own business and could never be the subject of negotiations with any U.S. government on ending the country's seven-year war. Ortega, whose left-wing government seized power in a broad-based insurrection nine years ago, said Washington was wrong to think it could dictate how Central American countries conducted their affairs. In a speech broadcast on radio, Ortega said he was willing to discuss security issues with the United States, which has backed a war by contra rebels to overthrow the ruling Sandinista National Liberation Front (FSLN).

Serbs plan Kosovo protests

BELGRADE (R) — Serbs and Montenegrins in Kosovo Province Monday announced plans for a protest in Ljubljana, capital of the Republic of Slovenia, against harassment by Albanian nationalists in the ethnically-torn province. The Yugoslav news agency ded a purge of some party leader for not bringing Albanian separatists in Kosovo under control.

interior minister. "We asked that the (vote) information be made Front Coalition.

Wagner violates S. Africa boycott

UNITED NATIONS (AP) Actor Robert Wagner and singer Laura Branigan of the United States have been added to a U.N. list of performers who have appeared in South Africa despite the organisation's appeal to artists to shun the apartheid system. The list is the fifth compiled by the U.N. Centre Against Apartheid since 1981. It also includes the British rock bands Nazareth and Wishbone Ash, U.S. actors Robert Forster and William Windom, Argentine musician Anselmo Osman Cejas and the Mexican circus performer Beautiful Michell.

Duke, duchess of York name baby

LONDON (AP) — The duke and duchess of York have named their 2-week-old daughter Beatrice Elizabeth Mary, Buckingham Palace announced Monday. The baby, who is fifth in line to the throne, will be known as her royal highness the Princess Beatrice of York, the palace said. She is the first child of the former Sarah Ferguson and her husband, Prince Andrew, the second son of Queen Elizabeth II. Britain's newest princess was born on Aug. 8, 1988 at 8:18 p.m., considered one of the luckiest moments of the century by Chinese astrologers, and flew to Scotland hours after leaving Portland hospital in London with her parents Aug.

Funeral museum shows death history

HOLLYWOOD, Florida (AP) - Death may be a constant but the rituals change with the times. as a museum dedicated to dying and bereavement illustrates. Old embalming tools, a 1917 hearse that doubled as an ambulance, intricately braided wreaths of human hair and a 680-kilogramme glass casket are some of the memorabilia in Fred Hunter's Funeral Museum, one of a handful in the United States. "If we can teach a little to a student, and help families understand the history, that death is natural... this helps them understand there's a heritage to this process. The whole funeral process is a part of growing, of letting go," said Hunter. A third-generation funeral director and antique enthusiast. Hunter inherited some displays from his father and grandfather. After he bought a large collection in 1986, there was no longer room to show them off at his business.

Rolling Stones may reunite

LONDON (R) — The Rolling Stones, who have drifted apart in recent years, could be getting back together next year, Mick Jagger said Monday. "We are talking about it for 1989," the lead singer of the group said as he flew out of London's Heathrow Airport bound for Australia via New York. The band, who celebrated the 25th anniversary of their first single two months ago. last toured together in 1982. Its future has been in doubt since reports of rows between Jagger. and guitarist Keith Richards. Asked what the essential element would be, Jagger said: "Pleasure. my darling.

Stolen painting returned by thief

OSLO (AP) — "The Vampire" a painting by Norwegian artist Edvard Munch insured for 15 million kroner (\$2.17 million) has been returned to the Munch Museum by a regretful thief. police said Monday. Inspector Odd Mathiesrud identified the suspect as Paal Enger, 21, and said he returned the painting to police headquarters Sunday night. The painting, 96 by 100 centimetres shows a woman kissing a man on the neck and was one of a series painted by Norway's most noted artist around 1894. It was stolen in February.

Orchestra hits sour note

LONDON (R) - The entire Welsh National Opera orchestra has been fired in a pay dispute in which musicians pressed for higher wages by wearing casual clothes during performances.
"You have, by your actions placed yourselves in breach of your terms of contract of employ-ment, which is lerthinated with immediate effect," the orchestra's managing director told the leaked to the press. Cellist Simon Davison told reporters that the rausicians were "a bit frightened" by the notice but it was hard to get by on a weekly salary of £174

IRA claims responsibility for car bomb BELFAST (AP) - The outlawed Irish Republican Army (IRA) detonated a carbomb in east Belfast rush hour traffic Monday. killing a man police believe was a Royal Navy officer. The Royal Ulster Constabulary said the victim, thought to be a

45-year-old recruiting officer, was the only casualty when the car burst into flames in traffic east of

the city centre. The IRA, which has focused its campaign of violence on British security forces, claimed responsibility for the attack in a telephone call to a Northern Ireland radio

The IRA said it had caried out "the execution of a British sol-

The call came three days after the group claimed responsibility for a bombing that killed eight British soldies

The bomb exploded as the victim drove his gray Ford Capri over the Queens bridge. Freelance photographer Crispin Rodwell said he was 50 metres behind as the car pulled away from traffic

"As it went to move off, it disappeared in a ball of fire." Rodwell said. "It was immediately underneath a flyover (overpass) and the debris ricocheted off the underneath of the flyover.

"Some other cars stopped and some guys jumped out with fire extinguishers. They tried to put out the fire but they could not get anywhere near. They were just a fireball."

beaten back by the flames. It was Three people were treated for shock at a nearby hospital.

"There was a woman in a silver (Volkswagen) which veered off the road and hit one of the flyover supports," Rodwell said.
"I think she was OK but she was taken away very shocked."

WASHINGTON (AP) — A

State Department report said

Monday that terrorism in Pakis-

tan by agents of Afghanistan's

Soviet-backed government

accounted for more than half the

incidents of state-sponsored ter-

Out of 189 state-sponsored inci-

dents. Afghanistan carried out

127 against Pakistan in its cam-

paign of retaliation for Pakistan's

backing of Afghanistan's anti-

communist guerrilla movement.

rorism worldwide last year.

the report said.

A Warsaw University student paints "strike" on a city bus during a

Solidarity demonstration with striking workers of Silesia, Szczecin

Burundi refugees say army killed families

KIGALI. Rwanda (R) - Terri- Monday that 38,000 refugees had fied refugees fleeing a bloodbath in Burundi say the army joined in and more were still arriving. tribal killings, using helicopters, armoured vehicles, machineguns

women and children. Tribal massacres have Burundi between the minority Tutsi tribe, who control politics and the army, and their ancient rivals, the Hutu, who form 85 per cent of the population.

The military government in Bujumbura told Western diplomats that about 5,000 had been killed but calm had been restored. The diplomats said Burundi's northern districts were still sealed off by troops.

Francois Ngarukiyintwali said Pierre Buyoya.

of 832 international terrorist inci-

The report was prepared be-

fore last Wednesday's plane crash

in eastern Pakistan which killed

30 people, including Pakistani

President Mohammed Zia Ul-

Haq, several of his top military

officers and U.S. Ambassador

sabotage but investigators say

State Department officials, in-

they lack conclusive evidence

Pakistani officials suspect

dents last year.

Amold Raphel.

crossed the border since Aug. 14 Ngarukiyintwali said the re-

fugees would not be allowed to and bayonets to slaughter men, stay permanently in Rwanda and diplomats said he had asked the Inited Nations High Commi for more than a week in northern sioner for Refugees (UNHCR) to persuade them to return home voluntarily.

But the diplomats said they doubted the mainly Hutu refugees would be willing to leave

for some time. Burundi's Foreign Minister Cyprien Mbonimpa told diplomats in Bujumbura the massacres

were provoked by Burundian exiles who had slipped into the country intent on overthrowing Rwandan Foreign Minister the government of President

U.S. says Kabul breeds terrorism The report also counted a total sisting on anonymity, said any

comment on the cause of the

crash would be speculative but

added that Afghan agents have to

be "among the suspects" because

of their alleged role in fomenting

terrorism in Pakistan. Paul Kriesburg, a senior associate at the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, said it would be a mistake to assume automatically that Afghan agents were responsible for the crash because Zia had many other ene-

over Dukakis in poll NEW YORK (AP) - A nation- was the first conducted after the

narrow lead in the presidential race, although many voters harbour doubts about Bush's running mate.

someone else.

Dukakis had led by 17 points. The survey released Monday militia.

expressed reservations about the voters said Bush led Democratic quiffications and background of the 41-year-old Quayle, who has faced a barrage of questions about his military record. During the Vietnam War, Quayle joined the National Guard, a domestic

From New York to Dhaka women's plight continues

By Christine Hawkins

HALF the women in the world are living in countries where they have little control over their lives and where there is discrimination against them on account of their gender, according to a study undertaken by the Washington-based Popula-tion Crisis Committee.

"The world's poorest women live on the edge of subsistence. They are politically and legally powerless. They are caught in a life cycle that begins with early marriage and pregnancy and too often ends with death in childbirth," says the editor of the study, Sharon Camp.

The stark findings emerge from a ranking of 99 countries according to the conditions of life in them for women, recently published in wallchart form under the title Poor, Powerless and Pregnant. Twenty indicators were used

to allocate scores to the countries, in which 2.3 billion women - 92 per cent of the world's female population live. They ranged from health measures like expectation of life at birth to women's educational level and their political,

legal and economic equality. All the data came from official or respected sources like the U.S. Bureau of the Census and the United Nations.

No countries reached the chart's "excellent" category. Even in the highest-ranked country, Sweden, women do not have full equality with men. Only a third of Sweden's parliamentary seats, for example. are held by women. Finland, Norway and Denmark, the United States and Canada, and East Germany were other countries near the top of the

Although not enough information was available on several African countries (for example, Zaire), nevertheless the bottom of the scale is sprinkled with names from that continent, including Tanzania and Nigeria. They are joined by the traditionally male-dominated countries of Asia and the Arab World, for example Pakistan and Saudi Arabia.

Some of the most striking

comparisons come from look-

ing at the top and bottom coun-

tries on the scale. In Bang-

ladesh, the last-ranked country,

one in five girls dies before her fifth birthday, but in Sweden only one in 167 does so. In Bangladesh, one in six 15-year-old girls will not survive her childbearing years (a third of these deaths arising from pregnancy and childbirth), whereas in Sweden only one in 53 dies

between 15 and 45. Few of the highest-scoring country's 15-19 year-olds have experienced marriage, but nearly 70 per cent have in the lowest-scoring country. The proportion of women practising contraception in Sweden is three times that in Bangladesh (25 per cent) while current fertility rates in the two countries imply that each woman in Bangladesh will on average give birth to nearly four times as many children as the average woman in Sweden.

Men and women in developed countries enjoy death rates far more favourable than those is developing countries - at its most extreme a woman in Switzerland could expect, at current mortality rates, to live 82 years compared with 41 years for a woman in Afghanistan. In general, though,

women's life expectancy is lon-

ger than men's — the difference is seven years on average in industrialised countries. However, in developing countries this gap shrinks to two years — apart from in Bangladesh and Nepal, where men's expectation of life is longer the only places where this occurs. It reflects the poorer outlook girls face at birth and in their first five years — there and in some other parts of the world — compared with boys. Further disadvantages for

women can be cited in all the spheres covered: 927 widowed, divorced or separated women for every 100 women in these categories in Bangladesh; onefifth of households headed by lone women in some Latin American countries, two-fifths in many rural areas in Africa (often the result of male migration to the towns) and one-sixth in the United States (a consequence of high pregnancy rates among unmarried teenagers and high divorce rates).

Though education is an area where women have made strides towards equality recently, a bias remains in many countries still. This leads to

and lower paid jobs. To compound women's lot, their low status is reinforced in many countries by the law. For example, in some countries women must have male "guardians"; their husbands may have more than one wife but women cannot initiate divorce. Even where the law is not so harsh. there may still be barriers to women achieving equality in marriage and the the family, apart from barriers to achieving economic and political power.

"One of the most pressing

needs for half the world's

women is achieving real choices over childbearing," says Dr. Camp. "This means assuring universal access to safe and effective birth control." Other ways of improving women's lives mentioned by Camp are reforms to give women more equal access to better-paid jobs and to credit, and equal rights to own property; and expansion of education and training for women; and a recognition --- by governments, husbands, and employers - of the social value of childbearing — People News/Features.

Tanjug said the committee of Kosovo Serbs and Montenegrins, which coordinates protest meetings, had asked the Slovenian Socialist Alliance, a communist-led mass organisation to host the meeting. In four previous mass protests, demonstrators deman-

Cardenas files charges

MEXICO CITY (AP) - Opposition leader Cuauhtemoc Cardenas has filed criminal charges against two top election officials, accusing them of failing to release results of the July 6 elections from nearly half of Mexico's voting stations. In his petition Monday night, Cardenas said Manuel Bartlett Diaz, president of the Federal Election Commission, and Fernando Elias Calles, the technical secretary, violated the electoral code by not releasing. individual results from more than 24,000 stations. Bartlett also is known and that the authorities fulfill their responsibility," said Cardenas, presidential candidate of the National Democratic-